BEREA PUBLISHING CO. (INCORPORATED)

WM. G. FROST, Editor-in-Chief

Universal at the Pastaffice at Iteren, Ky, as second lass mail-matter, under Act of March, 1879. Published Every Thurmlay at Berea, Ky.

THE CITIZEN

Devoted to the Interests of the Mountain People

Knowledge is Power-and the way to keep up with modern Knowledge is to read a good Newspaper.

Vol. XX.

Five Cents Per Copy.

HEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, FLBRUARY 13, 1910.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents Per Year.

No. 33.

The Returning Hero

We cannot do enough for the returning hero. We mean the mon that went to the war because be felt it was his duty, and not for pay or promotion or excitement. We prean the man who did all he had a chance to do, whether he got as far as the trenches or not.

That man did neglect his own affairs, be did face danger, he did comprehend in some degree what the war was about and the same devotion and self sacrifice that made him a good soldier will make him a good citizen.

We all desire to do this man honor. And far above any attention his neighbors can give him will be his inner reward in knowing that he did his duty, and that he belongs to "the grand army" of men like Grant and Pershing.

There is another kind of man sometimes seen wearing kaki who is no bero at all, and who seem to be sorry he ever did or suffered anything for his country. The "grouchy soldier" is no soldier at all. We hear complaints against the government that certainly did more than a government ever did before for its soldiers. Because the influenza prostrated the clerks so the pay was delayed, and for other slight and unavoidable hardships the grouchy soldier complains. We repeat it, at least while such complaints are on his lips, he is no soldier at all.

Great Revival Closes

Over 450 Conversions, and Spiritual Interest Quickened, the Result

gelistic meetings during the past made, and hope of eternal life was years, but in none has the genuine thus forfeited through neglect. revival spirit heen more evident. Appropriate scriptures were quotthan in the services of the past ed to show that Jesus Christ also week.

he not only a man of deep spiriti- suffering, it is true, but to brighten ality, but also a spiritual "work- the otherwise dark picture He ofman, approved of God,-rightly disters Himself, the riches of Heaven, viding the Word of Truth," ilis and eternal life, with unrestricted Hible expositions were faithful and joy forever. fearless, but withat attered in the spirit of love.

That Berea believes in the "old ... critizens as well as the student body and personal experiences aptly residently. The large multiparing was filled each night, and the total number of conversions reported is

people were running away from to "get right with mother's God."

lose eternal life. Fame, wealth, tory and real service for Christ, as satan's great master stroke, which on Monday night, February 10,

The six-day revival campaign possibly deceived more than any which was conducted in the College of the others mentioned. The tend-Chapel by the liter, J. E. Conant ency to postpone a decision for York, is general secretary, came to a close last friday evening. Christ until a later hour frequently Herea has witnessed many evan-, neast that no decision was ever

bids for the saul of each individual. The evangelist proved himself to the offers sacriflee, hardship, and

The closing service on Friday evening was a lifting climax to the meetings of the week. The theme, "Medler, Home and Heaven," was eftime religion" was evidenced by the Interest manifested on the part of feetively presented in illustrations and faculty. The large auditoring name if Jesus Christ is not a welcome guest," was a significant statement made by the speaker. The incidents cited served to illustrate His sermon on Wednesday night in a forceful way the influence of a was lased on the text Hosea 2:6, and Christian mother in making home dealt with various hedges which God "akin to Heaven." The appeal struck Hurows around our lives to lead us a responsive chord in every heart to Himself. He stated that many and many accepted the invitation

thorns to make it hard to be lost. to day, with consequent blessing to The hedges referred to were (1) an increasingly large number of The hedge of nature; (2 The hedge people, "The Unistians' relation to David J. Simmons, one of the most committee said an army of the size manding attention that were present-Providence; (1) The thorns of Cal- "The personality and power of the ty, died at his home about a mile "during the period of demobilizavary - the supreme exposition of Holy Spirit" were subjects dealt from Richmond on the Lancaster tion." Thursday night the message was of these services several young peo- Although he would have been 82 presented in the nature of bids ple dedicated themselves to the years of age the first of next month dollars were stripped recently from Versallies military council also subby satan for the souls of men. With sionary work. The meetings will constitution, and his last illness was consistent reasoning the speaker also be remembered with gratitude not long. dealt with the various ruses which by many other Christians as marksatan employes to lead people to ing the beginning of a life of vic-

pleasure, and even religion were Doctor Conant left on the early suggested as bids which the great train Saturday morning for a town adversary makes for souls. His bid in New Jersey where he was seheof "Lots of Time" was characterized duled to begin a series of meetings

OH, MICKIE!

WHY THE

GROUCH?

HEAVY

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view of Current Events - New Dog Law.

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-Obligations Facing Christian Churches.

-Armed Strikers Rule Butte, Montana.

Just Missed Perfection.

When Mrs. Langtry was at the sunmit of her beauty und fame she met at a dinner an African king who was visiting London. She did her best to please the dusky monarch and evidently succeeded, for he said to her as they parted: "Ah, madum, if heaven had only made you black and fat you would be irresistible."

Kentucky News

drawal.

Governor Stanley, Chief Justice by Federal Judge Jeremlah Neterer. John D. Carroll and Judge Alex P. Humphrey, of Louisville, were prorcipal speakers at the unveiling Tuesday morning of the bust of the Pryor in the Courl of Appeals.

Attorney W. T. Short, of Rich-Senator on the Itepublican ticket, been completely discharged. Mr. Short made an excellent record as I'. S. Marshal, and would unsphere as State Senator.

and his community life is one of mg unemplayment. the most important features under-

U. S. News

Nearly \$500,000 - \$166,176,38, to Twenty-live men, horn in neube exact - have been paid in laxes [rnl countries, who claimed exempto the State of Kentucky on liquor tion from the mulitary draft on the withdrawn from hond since last lasts of their alienage after declar-September. It is a record with- mg Their intentions of becoming American rilizens, have been forever barred from American citizenship No Decision Reached in Regard to

Postmasters have been asked by Postmaster General Burleson to continne their activities on behalf of lale Chief Justice William Sanmel the sale of War Savings Stamps. In thanking them for their Interest in the past Mr. thirleson said the war would not be over so far us the Naval War Council Presents Recommond, Ky., has announced his can- American people are concerned until didacy for numination for State thancial obligations incurred have

douldedly well represent the best pear workers numbering (1,500,000 tions expects to finish its work soon. interests of the county if elected to began a campaign for reforms Mon- At a long session the committee comserve his constituency in the larger day. A committee of the Miners' pleted two-thirds of the druft of the Federation was to meet Government project. leaders to ask for a six-hour day, a opliden that certain clauses of the Helping the returned soldier to 30 per cent increase in wages and draft should be referred to a subcomreadjust himself to his civilian work full pay to demobilized miners dur- committee for clarification.

MORE DRASTIC TRUCE TERMS ARE TAKEN UP

Renewal of Armistice Conditions.

YANKS TO MAN HUN SHIPS

mendations for Turning Over German Merchant Fleet-No Agreement on Allotment Reached.

Paris, Feb. 10.-The speace confer-Miners, railway men and trans- enee commission on a society of na-

Armistice Terms Discussed. Mony important matters were betaken by the State Y. M. C. A. of A temporary military establish- fore the supreme war council, compriskentucky. The work is a part of ment of 28,579 officers and 500,009 ing the council of the great powers a broad plan adopted and largely emisted men is provided for in the fronts, when it met to consider pri-Inspeed by the National War Work annual Army Appropriation bill re- marily the extension of the armistice Council of the National Y. M. C. A., ported to the House Monday by the with Germany, which expires Februof which Dr. Jelin R. Mott, of New Military Committee. The measure ary 17. Although the fimil decisions carries a total of \$4,117,289,400; the went over, the session was interest-

World News

The suggestion of England that an Embargo he placed on the importation of American imports has arroused a strong feeling of opposition in the l'uited States. The Senate has seized on the report as a Illting apportunity to protest in strong language and to urge American rights. The readjustment of trude relations is likely to eanse many irrilating problems.

The Peace Congress is making progress allhough each day brings a multitude of new issues before it for setilement. The plan for the Society of Nations is nearly ready for action and becomes more of a reality each day. President Wilson has been forcing the European diplomats to work harder than they have ever done before, in order that a peace may be reached at an early

The German Assembly has begun its session at Weimar, in Daden. The opening was orderly and among the members are many who sat in the Iteichslag of the former government. There will be an advantage in having a body of men who have experience in government affairs, rather than a set of theorists. The Socialist party which controls has stood in German affairs for democratic government and is not an extremely radical party.

The Provisional Chancelor, Ebert, in his opening speech uttered a warning to the allies that they should not make terms that are too hard for Germany to bear. He declared that the allies sought to destroy Kaiserism and the military system and claimed that both had disappeared forever. The revolutionary government could not be held responsible for the deeds of the former regime was his plea.

Poland has just opened its first assembly since the independence National feeling naturally runs high and hopes of a bright future are indulged by the people. Prominent among the issues already before the assembly is the land question. It is planned to break up the large holdings and make it illegal for any one to hold more than a thousand acres. Poland has suffered greatly thruout ils history from the landed class and now intends to remedy the evil.

Both France and England were the scene of memorial services for Theodore Roosevelt during the week. Congress attended the service in Paris and that in England was the occasion of a notable gathering in Westminister Abbey. Sentiments were expressed that fit well into the thought and purpose of the time and our ex-President in his death is still able to be a great power for

It is reported that Japan and Russia have come to an understanding that is important. Japan is to supply Russia with money for reconstruction and Russia is to furnish Japan with sources of coal and mineral of which she is much in need. The contract is favorable to eastern Russia which is rapidly becoming the section which offers greatest hope of stability and order,

The feeling of Mexico toward the United States is much better since the war ended. It is expected that American thanciers will supply the money for the funding of the debts of Mexico and in return opportunities will again be given for capitalists to operate in Mexico, especially in oil and mines. The government is more settled according to a hope. ful view given by our representa-

Government officials are suggesting that the Philippines should be settled to a larger extent by Amerlcans. Opportunities are said to bo exceptionally good at this tlme-for trado and business undertakings. It is probable also that our government would like to ensure an Amercided to continue the discussion when ican population to forstall any pos-

> An American Red Cross courier service has been established between Paris and Tours.

> Collections of 200 technical books each have been sent to each army hase hospital by the American L1brary Association,

YANKEE REGULARS IN NORTHERN RUSSIA



Major General transities of the Uritish army, command or in oblef of the allied expeditionary forces in northern God's love, rare and salvation, and The attendance and interest at the Itussia, is shown inspecting a detachment of United States regulars under his command. This photograph was taken | Many of the delegates to the Peace He would hedge their way with afternoon meetings grew from day at Archangel, where the troops were enjoying a ten-day rest period after intense campaigning along the Vologda raffwny. The company is "M" of the Three Hundred and Thirty-ninth U. S. Intaatry.

with on two afternoons. As a result pike, Friday, after a short lliness.

was Miss Zorayda Welsh, of Dan-down and exported to the Allies. ville.

August. Capt. W. T. Short has just was submitted to Congress. Richmond, to become a candidate. man air cruisers as a model. A race between these two astute the contest an interesting one.

house Service, disposed of a lifesaving crew of doctors and ited those nurses along the southeastern coast of Aluska where the thi was raging - and plaked up the erew on the home trip.

To avoid criticism, say nothing, do nothing, be nothing.—Huhbard.

of conscience; (3) The hedge of so-called popular amusements" and pronument farmers of Madison coun-

More than 125 lushels of silver which are made by Jesus Christ and work of the ministry, and for mis- Mr. Simmons was a man of vigorous the Treasury vaults to the Phil- mitted a report as to the millionry adelphia mint to be melted into forces available for the disturbed rebullion for export to India. The glous of Turkey. daily Treasury financial statement, Authorities are investigating the which deals familiarly with billions death of William D. Cochran, a and only incidentally with details prominent attorney and republican like millions, announced in cryptic navnt commanders, bearing miduly on politician of Maysville. He was accounting terms merely that cur- the turning over of the German subfound dead early Saturday morning rent assets in silver dollars had falbut it is believed his death was due len \$1,118,000 since February 8. This surrender of the German commercial to natural eauses. The taxicab was one of the shipments which fleet. This fleet, it is smied is rendy driver, however, reported the mat- have taken \$205,000,000 from the to be turned over, but the ailles thus ter to the police. Cochran's wife vanits in recent months to be melted,

> A project for the construction of There appears a strong probabil- an experimental rigid dirigible bality that Madison county may offer loon of the type familiarly known two candidates for the Republican as the Zeppelin, was included in the nomination for State Senator for plans of the Navy Department when this district at the Primary next the fending naval appropriation bill Stripes, the fulfills of the relief counissued his announcement, and word would have cost several million dolcomes now that friends all over the lars and a part of the scheme would presented a report favoring the lightdistrict for some time, have been have been the bringing to the United arging Mr. C. C. Wallace, also of States one of the most modern Ger-

> The House eliminated this provispoliticians and popular gentlemen ion from the bill but naval officers armistice was extended, but as deciwould be interesting to see. Each said recently they hoped the Senate slon was reached as to what measures has many warm friends who would would restore it. They believe that might be taken. After hearing the go to "the bat" for him and make future developments with lighterthan-air craft will be great, both for military and commercial pur-S. S. Cedar, of the U. S. Light- poses and are anxious to keep ahead or at least abreast of what European This last move was regarded in some countries may do in this regard.

> > Through the kindness of the Food Administration 160,000 pounds of shipping space in grain vessels is given daily to baled clothing celleeted through the Red Cross for the Belgians.

manding attention that were presented by the navul and military chiefs. Reports were made to the council

by the military high commands on the subject of demobilization and the relative forces of the powers to be main-The naval brunch of the council pre-

sexted recommendations fermiliated as the result of consultations among the British, French, Italian and American marines, blockade restrictions and the far have not agreed on the allotment of the steamers among the various ni-Hed untlons nor on the compensation for the use of the vessels.

Yanks to Man Ships. When an agreement is reached and

the United States receives its share of the ships, they will be manned by the American navy and fly the Sinrs and U, cll being added to the fing.

The commission on blockade also tive, Mr. Fletcher. ealing of the blockade restrictions in the Mediterranean and the Adriatic.

A tendency was evident in some milltary quarters to impose further drustle terms upon Germany when the views of the military representatives, the council of the great powers dethe decision will be made without the sible ambition of other countrits. presence of these representatives. quarters as significant of the gradual change from war conditions to those of normal pence times.

Consulate in Honduras Burned. Washington, Feb. 10.—The American consular agency at San Pedro Sula. Houduras, was destroyed by fire

MICKIE SAYS

WELL, IF

PAPER, IT

AIN'T MY

FAULT, I'LL

TELL THE

WORLD!

CLEAN FAMILY NEWS

PAGE 1. - Editorial: The Returning ilero. - Great Rovival Closes-World News; U. S. News; State

from H. E. Taylor. PAGE 3. Serial Story,

PAGE 7. S. S. Lesson,-Temperance Notes.-League to Enforce Peace.

PAGE 8. - Eastern Kentucky News.

School News from Various Departments

A BETTER FINANCIAL SYSTEM

(Continued from last week.)

upon a lengthened term. in the second.

What does a study of the best states suggest as to correcting these faults?

duced the plan of apportioning a elementary tearher in a rural con- conve half as much, solidated school, \$150; and for each full-time high school teacher, \$200. This would be an advantage to a as follows:

To elementary teachers not

in consolidated schools. .\$1,295,700 To elementary teachers in consolidated schools

To high school teachers...

ever amount seemed best. Subtracting this sum from the total school fund for the year, \$3,- Service is planning to have at least 812,375.04, we have a balance of \$2,- one nurse in every county. 352,575.04 remaining to be distributed. This balance should be divided in Congress which will demand a

following manner:

report at the end of each school waste and destruction of the war. year the actual number of days atcrease the amount of money it re- taken in colleges. methods described above.

hut few states doing more than we students. do, but we most pitifully fail in local support. During the school year of 1916-17 there was paid to elementary teachers in rural and graded schools from the State fund, \$3,147,542.79, and from county funds, \$160,377.60. In other words, local communities paid five cents out of each dollar that he is a Christian soldier. expended for the teaching of their children. Is it strange that our fund as a free gift and use it with

too little sense of responsibility? As to the method of apportionment which will stimulate local effort to the best advantage, we have five fingers square to the front was most exciting. This is an anciat least a partial precedent in recent Each singer stands for something, ent, walled city, formerly the home legislation in one of our Southern If you want to know what-ask one states. Since 1915 Alabama has paid of the soldiers. from the state fund \$1,000 to each county levying one mill of local tax for payment of teachers; \$2,000 for two-mill, and \$5,000 for a threemill tevy. This places a premium upon local effort, but it possesses one fundamental defect. Counties are not the same size. In Kentucky they vary from Pike with more than terror. 800 square miles, to Robertson with little more than 100 square miles. As a means of utilizing the Alabama rific buttle with Georgetown last commodations for seven thousand method, but correcting the defect Monday. mentioned, the following scheme is

proposed: the apportionments described above rea pulling down 12 to the enemy's bave been made should be ap- 12, nuking the final score 38 to 20, has been the cirief point of attack portioned upon a tax-levy-area Our boys at the front were cheer- by the Huns and they have daily lasis in the following manner: ed on by such yells as the "Loco-The tax levy in mills for pay- motive," and the homefolks co-op- The French held the post here for ment of teachers in each county erated with them by sacrificing more than three years, taking as in the state should be multiplied much good noise. But all the Rahl their mette: "ils ne passerent pas!" by the figure most nearly ropre- itah! propaganda could not daunt (They shall not pass). They have senting the area of the county in the unspeakable adversaries, and a rude theatre, or underground even hundreds of square miles. The the victory was for them, sum of these products for the vari- The B. C. V. showed themselves the same accommodating about six ous countles of the state would then deficient in goal pitching, and team hundred. Here Itody and I spoke be divided into the sum to be so work. Come on, B. C. V. "Speed and sang and played for three hours, apportioned, and each county would up!"

receive as many such equal parts of FOR KENTUCKY SCHOOLS the fund as was represented by its My dear Berea friends: As to the second aim, it wholly a county with an area of 379 square months tour of the French Republic, shook. My Presbylerian calmness fails. A county receives a fixed sum unles levied a tax of three mills, its I found a number of letters awaiting served me well, but my Methodist ing for coolies?" and he answered per pupil regardless of attendance tax-area product would be 3 times me from good friends at Home, friend Rody seemed quite shaky. It or quality of Instruction received, i, equals 12, and it would receive 12 Almost two months have passed and was very wlerd with linkering and there is no premium placed units of the fund thus apportioned, still these friendly greetings have candles making flickering shadows, in regard to the third aim, our the working of this plan, has assystem is absolutely Ineffective as signed in each county a tax rate such as, in his judgment, would be theories and practices in other fund, and found the product in each case. With these assumed tax levies the sum of the products for the 120 For the thist there may be intro- countres was 1064. This number divided into \$1,176,289,52 gives \$1,105.part of the fund upon the basis of 53 as the unit of distribution on this the teachers employed, a method basis. The county referred to above, used in many states. Suppose, for with an area of 379 square miles and example, apportionments should be a tax levy of a mills, would obtain pleasant calls of friends in klaski made as follows: For each elemen- from this apportionment 12 times tary teacher employed in a one- \$1,105.53, or \$13,266.36, while a county teacher rural school, graded with an area of 230 square miles and school, or city school, \$100; for each the same tax levy, would only re-

(Continued next week.)

NURSES WANTED

thinly settled rural district, would The National flealth Organization you prove a real relaxation. Just encourage consolidation, and in for Public Health Nursing Says, lately Tom Parker, Bill Dean, Flemmany sections make high schools "The democratic ideals for which possible where they are not now, the war was fought have made it been in-their first and only visit According to conditions as they ex- imperative that the opportunity for to Paris. Many of them tell me isted in 1916-17, this would result health, as the basis for other op- that this is the first time since possibilities of public health nurs- dishes. 36,000 ing and has shown how service cun 128,000 he multiplied by organization.

The amount per teacher would not social service, there is a demand for and I traveled around over the varibe fixed, of course, but subject to Public Health Nurses which can change by the State Board to what- only be met by the same response that they gave to the call of war.

Secretary of Lahor Wilson says

and from these would be obtained be given to nurses leaving military the boys were Catholics. Rodethe aggregates for the county and service, and to seniors in hospital heaver sang "My Jesus, I Love Thee" State. The amount distributed upon | training schools, to enable them to | and then the mournful taps were this basis would be divided by the take postgraduate courses and enter sounded and the salute fired three aggregate daily attendance for the the field at once. (2) Co-operating times from shining rifles, and the State, and each county obtain as with The National League of Nurs- burial service was at an end. Doctor days of aggregate attendance. By training courses in hospitals, and to so greatly helped in the sad task of this method any county could in- give credit for preparatory courses burial, observed that most of the

teachers. As a State, we are very a profession for the college woman, liberal with our schools, there being and therefore we appeal to college

THE NEW SALUTE

In last Sunday night's chapel, Doctor Raymond, the Colonel of the of that organization a salute by which any one of them can show

The meeting was especially for the King's Regiment. The Colonel people should look upon the school stated that since the (K.R.) buttons With Me." had not been received a sign of recognition was needed.

The salute is performed by putting up the right hand with the

BEREA LOSES TO TRANSYLVANIA AND GEORGETOWN

Iterea lost the game with Transylvania 20 to 13; and with Georgetown but the Georgetown game was a

of the B. C. V., Berea lost in the ter-

In the first half Georgetown scored 26; Iterea, 8. There was a remark- and has two years' supplies of nm-The money remaining after able "speed up" in the second, Pe- munitions, etc., on hand. The rail-

the boys being marched in by bat-

Soldiers' and Sailors' Letters

H. E. TAYLOR WRITES

want of time.

You can appreciate something of n. nr., dictate for about two hours, hold interviews until 1:00 p. m. run I have seen here in France. out for lunch and then back to the office from 2:00 until 7:00, then up. The strain of organization, however, is frequently relieved by and also at my various places of visitation in France. Scarcely a day passes but that I have from one; to four of these good friends with their lates of adventures I assure ing Gerfilh and Charles Baker have portunities, be made equal to all coming to France that they have people. The work of the nurse in been privileged to sit down to a war zones has illustrated the great real table with table cloth and lift the boys to higher levels of precious memory.

I know something of their hardships. For nim weeks, itodeheaver, As an outgrowth of the war, and Billy Sunday's singer and troinous camps from the ancient capital city Nancy, northwest of the Brilish lines, ramping and roughing it with The United States Public Health the boys, sleeping in old barns, hen roosts, and shell torn houses, mud. cooties, the blood and death. We The Children's Bureau has a bill helped cheer the living and hury the dead and of course had a truly into two equal parts of \$1,176,289.52. large number of nurses for matern- wonderful time. In one grave near to be apportioned to counties in the ity and infant work in every state. Gondrecourt, we buried forty-one soldiers and three officers at one One-half on the basis of the aggre- that Labor's reconstruction plan time. - the grave was about sixty gate daily attendance. This would must include a carefully formulated feet long and six feet wide, the poor be done by requiring teachers to plan for repairing the physical fellows tenderly wrapped in their stained blankets and their faces The National organization for covered with the metal helmet tended by each child enrolled in Public Health Nursing is doing two which they had worn in battle, side school. The sum of these days in things to supply the immediate by side, officers and privates alike, foolishness, its wickedness, its toll. attendance would give the aggregate need: (1) Raising a considerable A priest assisted our Methodist The following was found in a dead daily attendance for the district, fund of money for scholarships to Chaplain in the service as six of many of the equal parts as it had ing Education in urging revision of Meurer, one of our Secretaries who dead were lying when found with ceived from the State by increasing The profession offers as much as arms even in death stretched toward attendance and lengthening the it demands. It offers the lure of the enemy as though they had made term. Many states now use the pioneering, a position of influence, one last struggle to reach the goal. and opportunity for advancement. They covered the graves with golden The remaining portion of the The nurse will soon be recognized rod and oak leaves, abundant in the school fund should be made to stim- in the public mind as a public of Ballew woods, in order that the ulate local effort for payment of ficial of the State. It is, in short, later moving divisions might not be be intimidated by the sight of so many graves; as someone remarked, the golden rod symbolizing the flower of American manhood and the oak leaves the strength. At another place we huried three aviators and just as the rude hoxes were King's Regiment, gave the members lowered into the grave toward evening a friendly plane flew over not more than forty feet in the air and dropped imge hunches of white chrysanthemnms in the open grave. In This occasion, Rody sang, "Abide

We had some thrilling experiences which of course I did not write in full to Mrs. Taylor, but have since the armistice, Our trip to Verdun of thirty-live thousand happy folk and contained the great citadel which the Germans have tried to take during the past four years. Today, not a soul lives in the cily, excepting the five thousand American boys who hold the citadel. The 35 to 20, last Thursday and Friday, rest of the city is practically level-The Transylvania game was tame, ed to the ground. The great citadel, however, has proven impregnable, being located as it is eighty feet In spite of the inighty offensive under ground. It has a flue stream of water running through, has acmen, has a bakery which puts out tive thousand loaves of bread daily head where the supplies are landed shelled it during these four years cavern where we held our meetings

lalions every hour, the shells burstlax-area product. For example, if On my return to Paris after a two depth, the whole place trembled and The writer, in order to demonstrate been neglected or pushed aside for but you should have heard the boys singing "Brighten the Corner Where You Are." We were invited to eat the strain here, when I tell you with the Major and bless my soul, demanded to furnish a fair school that I reach the office about 8:00 we had pumpkin pie, the thick, "squashy" kind the only real pie

> troops, we met one group of five nels" on the ground, - the mystery A's and other citizens will be held home for dinner and back to the thousand colored boys. We put the to me is that all-do not die of puenoffice to stay until things are cleared little folding organ on the broken stone platform of un old rankay not nearly so destructive here as in ormy life as it is and get in close station. It was just simset and one America. of those wonderful crimson after who are passing through Paris, boys glows. A church all shattered but whom I have met over in the States the spire stood out against the sky and two spying planes flew over and were jost in the souset fire- through Grenoble, Chambrey, Lyon, unst. Itody played on his trombone Glermont-Ferrand, Novers, Issondun. Well, This is the End of a Perfect Tours, Szommr. Here several thouswe to chat over the tea cups, and Hay," and then led the boys to und boys are privileged to a rest singing "Old Down South Plantation period of ten days after their awful Melodies." The effort was truly wonderful, the boys singing in beautiful harmony "I ain't goin' to study wa' no mo?" and "I's gwine Tours, I was wired to return "tout to sing and shout in Glory," the shells bursting with beavy third the duties at Hembinarters (the batnot two nules away. Itody has great the of Paris - but this wonderful power through song and story to uine weeks tour will forever be a thought, and hundreds of decisions for better living have been made in ling our ftehgious Department and France as a result of his pilgrimage. Is putting on a wonderful program. Talk of opportunities for service. Doctor Erskine from Columbia Col-Not a day passes but that I wish I lege and Doctor Spaulding, the suhad been born triplets or even in perintendent of Education in Cleve-"Series," an "effort made for the land, are at the head of our importhappiness of others lifts us above ant Educational Work, co-operating ourselves," and here every moment with General Pershing and Army spells new opportunity, just as it officials in a comprehensive protoes anywhere where folks live to- gram. Itishop Anderson has returngether.

At Sonilly, we stayed two days, esiting the great hospitals where lwenty thousand wounded lay. hundred Twenty-seven Wero brought in in one day, twenty-five operating tables were kept busy twenty-four hours a day, the place looking more like a slaughter house than one of human habitation, and here more than anywhere did I realize the awful price of war, Its Australian's pocket:

"I Saw The Morning Break"

Ye that have faith to look with tearless eyes, Heyond the tragedy of a world

strife. and know that out of death and night shall rise

The dawn of ampler life, Rejoice, whatever anguish rend the lieart.

That God has given you a priceless To live in these great times and have your part

In Freedom's crowning hour, That ye may tell your sons who see the light

iligh in the Heavens their heritage to take,

"I saw the powers of Darkness put to flight, I saw the Morning break."

We helped in the hospital tili midnight and then tried to sleep, but could not, for the awful din of our barrage realizing that our guns in that awful tumult were reaping qual carnage and death in the side managed to locate one wounded that night will forever remain an whout him. As he was being carried to the fact that the schools for colawful memory.

Almost all the boys had bine by name.

cooties and on snnny days, they KENTUCKY WILL TRAIN would strip off their shirts and sit with naked bodies on stumps or mg over the top, and even at that stone piles und "read their shirts," as they call it. One fellow called la the other: "Hey, Bill, are you lookback: "No, I am taking them just as) cooties just why they always posed Napoleon standing with his hand in bis shirt! It has rained a cold. drizzly rain here almost steadily since September, and with mud four to six nuclies deep and boys sleeping in damp blankets tir "pup ken-

> After the armistics, Itody and I traveled through the beave areas. from Aix-bes-Bains (the bath-bub of nobility for two thousand years . experience in the trenches and song was greatly appreciated. At de suite" to Paris to again take 110.

President King of Oberlin is handed to us und many big, generous hearted men are here helping with the great work.

The coming three months will be the most critical in our work for as General Pershing wrote a few weeks county there will be a delegate from ago "The boys are now tighting their biggest battle, namely that of self-'ouquest."

I would not have missed having a part in this great work for twenty lifetimes and my years of hard work in Berea fitted me the better for the nomity play, dramatics, remmunity responsibilities here.

I am receiving frequent rheerful letters from Mrs. Taylor who has for some months been assisting at I will have when it's all over,

After visiting over three hundred of our tifteen hundred centers of activities I am greatly gratitled. While of course there are many weak points, and while we have suf- and His Relation to the Life of the fered greatly from lark of trunsportution and shortage of supplies, the general testimony of the lads everywhere is that the job has really been "put across" in a remarkable way. And now President Wilson 18 be made into plowshares.

With love to all, Sincerely, Howard E. Taylor

Twenty nurses will be the live response of the Red Cross Nursing Department to a request for a larger staff to help out the 14 nurses now on duty in the Holy Land.

aboard the transport at Liverpool, We also saw much that was ludi- the searcher ran up and greeted

RETURNED SOLDIERS

Helping the returned soldier to readjust himself to his civilian work and his community life is one of the most important features ever undertaken by the State Y. M. C. A. of Kentucky. The work is a knew until he came to France and part of a broad plan adopted and bad been in the trenches and had largely thanned by the National War Work Council of the National Y. M. C. A. of which Dr. John R. Mott of New York is General Secretary. A school to be altended by one representative from every county in Kentucky and delegates from many local churches, Y. M. C. moma. Strange to say the flu was February 17 to 21. In order to see gates will live in barracks and will eat at an army mess served by the Cooks' and Bakers' School of the

The faculty of this Stabe Training school will consist of the following: Dr. E. Y. Mollos, President of the Southern Baptist Theological Semimary and an active Y. M. C. A. army secretary; Dr. Dunbar II. Ogden, here again our service in story and pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church of Looisville and noted for his activities among the soldiers; Hon. H. V. Mrthesney of Frankfort, of the Army Y. M. C. A.; P. O. Clark of Herea College, Herea; L. A. Cover, camp unisical director at Camp Taylor; V. E. Tharp, camp physical director at Camp Taylor; L. J. Darter of the oversees staff of the Army Y. M. C. A ; P. C. Dix, Stale Secretary of Kenturky and head of the Army V. M. C. A. work at Camp. Taylor; C. A. Tevebaugh, Associate State Secretary of the V. M. C. A.; W. I. McNair, General Secretary of the Louisville V. M. C. A.; and others.

The first session of the school will be held Monday morning, February t7, at t0.00 o'clock and the school will close Friday afternoon, Fehrnary 2t. at too o'clock. In addition to one representative from each every town or city of 800 population or more.

The course of training will consest of an hour of Bible study each day, recreation, outdoor and indoor games, comsingings, groups for discussion of problems applying to rural districts small towns, cities, etc., an hour of general conference earli day to dis-Camp Dix. What a reunion she and cuss questions brought up and three addresses a day on such subjects as, "The Iteligious Life of the New Day," "The Message of Christianity for Sorial and Economical Reconstruction," "The Returning Soldler Community," and kindred topics,

SOUTHERN EDUCATORS ON THE NEGRO

The Southern Education Society, here in the great Peace Conference in its annual session at Gamesville, and we hope that soon swords will Fla., drew educators from every Southern state. The Society requested the new president, Doctor McConnell, of the Virginia State Normal for Women, to appoint committees for a careful study of the South's most important educational problems. One of these committees is to study Negro education, and report its recommendations at the meeting next year.

G. W. Tedder, of Madison, Fig., the Even though it took four months retiring president, in his annual ad--a Red Cross searcher on the other dress spoke of the patriotism of the Negroes, as shown by soldiers and enemy's lines. My attempt to sleep Yank whose family were worrying civilians alike, and also here witness ored children are not what they should be.

"The schools," he said, "should be so reconstructed as to develop whatever lalent powers the Negro has. I believe his salvation lies in an industrial education which will enable him to earn an honest living, and thus the him for his proper place in the development of the nation."

LOUISIANA BREAKS THE RECORD

lake Charles, La., a city of 15,000 inhabitants has just set a new standard for the state in providing for the education of its colored population. It has voted a bond Issue of \$200,000, \$150,000 of which is to be spent in bullding and equipping three brick schools for Negroes. The vote was six to one in favor of the issue, and the property majority was even larger. Ample playgrounds are provided; and Superintendent Yeager is planning to introduce industrial training as well.

Shrevepart, Baton Itouge and Alexandria have already put up substantial brick buildings for colored schools; and these, as well as the vote ut Lake Charles, are signitleant of the growing hellef in the state at large of the moral and economic importance of good schools for the Negro population.

GUN THAT FIRED LAST SHOT IN THE WAR



This is the gun that, it is claimed, fired the last shot of the world war. It is an American heavy field piece, and the boys who handled it named it

THE LIGHT IN THE CLEARING

A TALE OF THE NORTH COUNTRY IN THE TIME OF SILAS WRIGHT

IRVING BACHELLER

EBEN HOLDEN, D'HI AND I, DARREL OF THE BLESSED ISLES. KEEPING UP WITH LIZZIE ETC. ETC

SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I—Barton Baynea, orphan, is taken to live with his uncle, Peabody Baynea, and his Aunt Deel on a farm on Rattleroad in a neighborhood called Licklyapit, about the year 1826. Barlon meets Sally Dunkelberg, about his own age, but socially of a class above the Haynesee, and is fescinated by the pretty face and fine clothes.

CHAPTER II—Barton meets Roving Kala, known in the neighborhood as the "Bliant Woman." Amos Grimshaw, young son of the richest man in the lownship, is a viellor at the Hapnee hotne, and Itoving Kale tells the fortunee of the two boye, pradicting a bright future for Barton and death on the gallows for Amos. Reproved for an act of boylsh mischlef liarton rune away, intending to make his home with the Dunkelbergs. Its reaches the village of Canton and falls into a sleep of exhaustion on a porch. There he is found by fillas Wright, Jr., promipent man in public affairs, who, knowing Peebody Haynee, takea tharton home after buying him naw clothee.

CHAPTER III—Berton and his uncte and aunt visit Canton and hear Silas Wright read a zermon,

CHAPTER IV.

in the Light of the Candles. One day the stage, on its way to Ballybeen, came to our house and left a box and a letler from Mr. Wright, addressed to my uncle, which

"Dear Sir-I send herewith a box of books and magazines in the hope that you or Miss Baynes will read them sloud to my little partner and in doing so get some enjoyment and profit for yourselves.

"Yours respectfully, "S. WICHGHIT, JR. "P. S.-When the contents of the box have duly risen late your minds will you kindly see that it does a like service to your neighbors in School District No. 7? S. W. Jr."

"I guess Bart has made a friend o' this great man-sartin ayea!" said Aunt Deel. "I wonder who'll be the next one?"

The work of the day ended, the candles were grouped near the edge of the table and my aunt's armchnir was placed beside them. Then I sat on Uncle Penbody's lap by the fire or, as time weat on, in my small chair heside him, while Aunt Deel adjusted her spectacles and began to read.

I remember vividly the evening we took out the books and tenderly felt their covers and rend their titles. There were "Cratkshanks' Comie Almanuc" and "Hood's Comic Ananal"; tales by Washington Irving and Jumes K. Paniding and Nathaniel Hawthorne difford and Hemans. Of the treasures in the box I have now in my possession: A life of Washington, "The Life and Writings of Doctor Duckworth," "The Stolen Child," by "John Galt, Esq."; "Rosine Laval," by "Mr. Smith"; Sermons and Essaya by William Ellery Channing. We found in the box also, thirty numbers of the "United States Mugazine and Democratic Iteview" and sundry copies of the "New York Mirror,"

Auat Deel began with "The Stolen Child." She rend slowly and often paused for comment or explanation or laughter or to touch the corner of an eye with a corner of her handkerchlef in momenta when we were nil deeply moved by the misfortunes of our favorite characters, which were acute and numerous.

In those magazines we read of the great Wesl-"the poor man's paradise"-"the stoneless land of plenty": of its delightful climate, of the ease with which the furmer prospered on its rich soil. Uncle Peabody spoke playfully of going West, after that, but Aunt Deel made no answer and eoncealed her opinion on that subject for a long time. As for myself, the rending had deepened my interest in the east and west and north and south and in the skies above them. How mysterious and inviting they had become !

One evening a neighbor had brought the Republicum from the post-office. I opened it and read aloud these words In large type at the top of the page: "Slina Wright Elected to the U. S.

Semute." "Well I want to know?" Uncle Peabody exclaimed. "That would muke me forgit it if I was goin' to be

hung. Go on and read what it save." I read the choosing of our friend for the acat made vacant by the resignation of William L. Marcy, who had been elected governor, and the part which most impressed us were these words from a letter of Mr. Wright to Azariab Fingg of Albany, written when the former was asked journey.

to accept the place: "I am too young and too poor for such an elevation. I have not had the experience in that great theater of politics to qualify me for a pluce ao exulted and responsible. I prefer therefore the humbler position which now occupy."

"That's his way," said Uncle Peabody. "They had hard work to convince him that he knew enough to be Surrogate."

"Big men have little conceit-ayes!" said Aunt Deel with a significant glance at me.

The candles had burned low and I was watching the shroud of one of them when there came a rap at the door. It was unusual for any one to come to our door in the evening and we were a bit startled. Unclo Penhody opened it and old Kate eatered without speaking and nodded to my aunt and uncle and sat down hy the Vividly I remembered the day of the fortune-telling. The same gen-

tle smile lighted her face as she looked at me. She held up her hand with four flagers spread shove It. "Ayes," said Aunt Deel, "there are

four perlis," My aunt rose and went into the but'ry while I aat staring at the ragged old woman. Her hair waa white now and partly covered by a



Uncle Pesbody Opened It and Old Kate Entered Without Speaking.

worn and faded honnet. Forbidding she was I did not miss the sweet the poetes of John Milton and Felicia ness is her stulle and her blue eyes when she looked ut me. Aunt Deel came with a plate of doughnuts and brend had butter and head cheese and said in a voice full of pity; "Poor of Kate-ayes! Here's some

thin' for ye-ayes!'

She turned to my made and said: "Penhody Baynes, what'll we do-I'd like to know-ayes! She can't rove all night."

"I'll git some hlankets an' make a bed for her, good 'aough for anybody, out in the hired man's room over the shed," said my uncle,

He brought the lantern-a little tower of perforated tin-and put u lighted eandle inside of it. Then he beckoned to the stranger, who followed him out of the front door with the plute of food in her hands.

"Well I declare! It's a long time since she went up this road-ayes!" sald Aunt Deel, yawning as she resumed her chair. "Who is ol' Knte?" I asked.

"Oh, just a poor of crazy woman-

anders nil 'round-ayes!" "What made her erazy?"

"Oh, I guess somebody inisused and deceived her when she was youngayes! It's an awful wicked thing to do. Come, Bart-go right up to bed now. It's high time-aves!"

"I want to wait 'th Uncle I'enbody contes back," said L "Why?"

"1-1'm afraid she'll do somethin' to him."

"Nonseuse! Of Kale is just as barmless as a kitten. You take your candle and go right ap to bed-this min-

I went up-stairs with the candle and undressed very slowly and thoughtfully while I listened for tho footsteps of my nucle. I dld not get into bed until I heard him como lu and blow out his lanlern and start up the stairway. As he undressed he told me how for many years the strange woman had been roving in the roads "up hill and down dale, thousands an' thousands o' miles," and never reaching the end of her

In a mement we heard a low wait above the sounds of the breeze that shook the leaves of the old "popple" tree above our roof,

"What's tbut?" I whispered. "I guess it's of Kute ravin'," said Uncle Penbody.

It touched my heart and I by lis-tening for a time, but heard only the loud whisper of the popple leaves.

.CHAPTER V. The Great Stranger

Some strangers came along the rond those days-hunlers, peddlers and the like-and their comiag filled me with a joy which mostly went away with them, I regret to say, None of these, however, appealed to my imagination as did old Kate. But there was one stranger greater than she-greater Indeed, than any other who came into itstitleroad. He came rarely and would not be long detained. How enriously we looked at him, knowing his fame and power! This great stranger was Money.

I shall never forget the day that my uncle showed me a dollar bill and a little shiny, gold coin and three pleces of silver, nor can I forget how carefally he watched them while they lay in my hands and presently put them back into his wallet. That was long before the time of which I am writing. I remember hearing him say, one day of that year, when I asked hlm to take us to the Caruvan of Wild Beasta which was coming to the village:

"I'm sorry, but it's heen a huadred Sundays since I had a dollar lu my wallet for more than ten minutes." I have his old account book for the years of 1837 and 1838, Here are some of the entries:

"listanced accounts with J. Dorothy and gave him my note for \$2,15 to he paid in snits January 1, 1838. Sold ten bushels of wheat to E. Miner at 90 cents, to be paid in goods.

"Sold two sheep to Finvius Curtis and took his note for \$6, payable in boots on or before March the first." Only one entry in more than a handred mention money, and this was the sum of eleven cents received in

halunce from a neighbor. So it will be seen that a spirit of mitual accommodition served to help us over the rough going. Mr. Grimshaw, however, demanded his puy in eash and that I find was mainly the habit of the money-leaders.

We were poor but our poverty was not like that of these days in which I am writing. It was proud and cleanly and well-fed. Oar fathers had seen heroic service in the wars nud we knew it.

I was twelve years old when I hegan to be the reader for our little family. Aunt Deel had tong complained that she couldn't keep up with her knitting and read so much. We had not seen Mr. Wright for nearly two years, but he had sent us the aovels of Sir Walter Scott and I had led them heart deep luto the creed battles of Old Mortality.

Then came the evil days of 1837, terest." when the story of our lives hegan to quicken its pace and excite our interest in its coming chapters. It gave us enough to think of, God knows.

Wild speculations in land and the American paper-money system had brought us into rough going. The hnnks of the city of New York had suspended payment of their notes, the mouse away from the eat." They could no longer meet their enget money even for hlack saits.

Uncle Penbody had been siteat and hand. depressed for a month or more. He a cousin, long hefore and was afraid yours. that he would have to pay it. I didn't know what a note was and I rememher that one night, when I lay thinklag about it, I decided that it must he something in the nature of horse colle. My nacle told me that a note was a trouble which attacked the brain lastend of the stomnch.

One autumn day in Cunton Uncle Penbody traded three sheep and twenty bushels of wheat for a cook atovo and brought it home in the big wagon. liodacy Barnes came with him to help set up the stove. He was a blg giant of a man with the longest nose in the township. I have often wondered how any one would solve the problem of kissing Mr. Barnes in the immediate region of his nose, the same being in the nature of a defense.

That evening I was chiefly interested in the stove. What a joy it was to me with its damper and griddies and high oven and the shiny edge on its hearth! It rivated, in its novelty and charm, any tin peddler's enrt that ever came to our door. John Axtell and his wife, who had seen it pass their house, harried over for a look at it. Every hand was on the stove as we tenderly carried it into the house, piece by piece, and set it up. Then they cut a hole in the upper floor and the stone chimney and fitted the pipe. How keenly we watched the building of the lire. How quickly it ronred and begun to heat the room 1

When the Axtelis had gone awny Aunt Deel suid:

"it's grand! It is sartin-but I'm 'frald we can't afford it-nyes I be!" "We enn't afford to freeze any longer. I made up my mind that we couldn't go through another winter

na we have," was my uncle's answer. How much did it cost?" she asked. "Not much differ'nt from thirtyfour dollars in sheep and grain," he

answered. Rodney Barnes stuyed to supper and speni a part of the evening with

Like other settlers there, Mr. Barnes was a cheerful optimist. Everything looked good to him until it turned out badly,

He told how he had heard that It

was a growing country near the great RETROSPECT THAT IS VAIN water highway of the St. Lawrence. I'rosperous towns were hullding up in It. There were going to he great cities in Northern New York. There were rich stores of lead and Iron in the rocks. Mr. Barnes had bought two hundred acres at ten dollars an acre. He had to pay a fee of five per cent. to Grimshaw's lawyer for the survey and the papers. This left him owing fourteen hundred dollars on his farm-much more than it was worth.

Our cousin twisted the poker in his great hands until it squeaked as he stood before my uncle and said:

"My wife and I have chopped and hurnt and pried and hauled rocks an' shoveled dung an' mliked an' churaed until we are worn out. For almost twenty years we've been workin' tinys an' nights an' Sundays. My mortgage was over-due, I owed six hundred doilars on it. I thought it all over one day an' went up to Grimshaw'a an' took him by the back of the neck and shook him. He said he would drive me out o' the country. He gave me six months to pay up. I had to pay or lose the land. I got the money on the note that you signed over in Potsdam. Nobody in Canton would 'a' dared to lend it to

"Why?" my uncle asked.

"'Fraid o' Grimshaw. He didn't want me to he able to pay it. The place is worth more than six hundred dollars now-that's the reason. I lntended to cut some timber an' haul it to the village this winter so I could pay a part o' the note an' git more time as I told ye, but the roads have been so bad I couldn't do any hani-In'.

My nucle went and took a drink at the water pail. I saw by his face

that he was unusually wrought up. "My heavens an' earth!" he exclaimed as he sat down again.

"It's the brain colic," I said to myself as I looked at him. Mr. Barnes seemed to have it also,

"Too much note," I whispered. "I'm awful sorry, but I've done everything I could," said Mr. / Barnes. "Ain't there somebody that'll take another mortgage?-it ought to be

safe now," my uncle suggested. "Money is so tight it cua't be done. The bank has got all the money au' Grimshaw owns the hauk. I've tried and tried, but I'll make you safe. I'll give you u mortgage until I ean turn 'round."

So I saw how Rodney Barnes, like other settlers in Lickitysplit, had gone late bondage to the landlord. "How much do you owe on this

place?" Barnea asked. "Seven huadred an' fifty dollars," said my uncle.

"Is It due?" "It's been due a year an' if I have to pay that note I'll be short my in-

"God o' Israeil I'm scairt," said Uncle I'enbody. Down erashed the stick of wood

into the box. "What about?" "It would be like him to put the screws, on you now. You've got be-

tween him an' his prey. You've taken I remember the little punic that gagements. As usual, the burden fell fell on us then. I could see tears henviest on the poor. It was hard to in the eyes of Aunt Deel as she sat with ber head leaning wearly on her

"If he does I'll do all I can," had signed a note for Rodney Barnes, Barnes, "whatever I've got will be

Itodaey Barnes left us, and I remember how Uncle I'enbody stood in the middle of the floor and whistled the merriest tune be knew.

"Stand right up here," he called in his most cheerful tone. "Stand right up here before me, both o' ye.'

I got Aunt Deel by the hand und led her toward my uacle. We stood



"One, Two, Three, Ready-Sing."

facing him. "Stand straighter," he demanded. "Now, allogether. One, two, three, ready-sing."

lie beat time with his band in imitation of the singing master at the schoolhouse and we joined him in ainging an old tune which begnn: "Oh, keep my heart from sadness, God." This irresistible spirit of the man bridged a bad hour and got us off to bed in fairly good condition.

(Continued next week.)

The Red Cross Bureau of Communication is now handling more than 90,000 letters every week.

Mouraful Man Has Come to Reslize That All Things That Are te Bs. Will Be.

"I somelimes think as I watch the efficient workings of a cream separator," said the stoop-shouldered man, "how much happier my life might bave been could I hut have had when I was first married a separator, operated somewhat on the same principle, into which my wife's relatives could have been thrust, the crank turned and by centrifugal or centripetal force-1 can never remember which is which-the two kinds divided, like the sheep and the goats of Holy Writ.

"Out of one spout would have come the undesirable ones-those who controverted my cherished theories, disagreed with me on various subjects. and jeered at my lack of faculty, the while they borrowed money from me and paid aot again, and wore, their sex permitting, such of my Sunday garments as fitted them. And from the other spout would have emerged the good ones-those who tried to pay their way by being sympathetic and tsetful, who were diplomatic enough to agree with me when it did not make sny particular difference, and occasionally lent me money and were not forever dogging me to get it back. But, of course, nothing of the kind was then or ever will be invented. Man was made to mourn and his wife's kin were made to see that he does mourn." -Kansas City Star.

SEEKING USES FOR LIGNITES

Federal Buresu of Mines Will Make Investigation of What May Be New Fuel Supply.

The hureau of mines will make an investigation to determine the commercial and economical value of ligaltes and the practicability of their utilization in production of fuel oil, gasoline substitutes, ammonia, tar, solld fuel, gas for power and other purposes, under the terms of a senate bill which the house of representatives sdopted. An appropriation of \$100,-000 was voted. It was argued that the object of the investigation is to demonstrate the commercial value of lignite, which is one-third of the coal deposits of the nation.

A vast volume of the deposits is on government land, and Texas has approximately 23,000,000,000 tons. The official report says there is bituminous coal in Texas, but not sufficient to supply the ratiroads, and in urging the passage of the bill Representative Wingo of Arkanssa told the house that proper development of lignite in Texas with its full uses demonstrated would save an annual fuel bill to the people of that state of \$15,000,000.—Houston

Found Platinum Beds. Dr. Herschel C. Parker of Columbia university, while on an exploring expedition to Alaska last summer, dis- ington. covered extensive platinum heds in the Susitana and Yentus valleys in

the Cook inlet country. He brought out a large number of ore samples on his return to the States, and is now engaged in exhaustive tests of the metal. He expects to establish a plant for handling the ore when he goes

back to Alaska next spring. "The Alaska pistinum ore is low grade," said Dector Parker, "hut it is there in abundance. It will have to be handled in large quantities and under scientific methods of economy to make it pay. The question of its commercial value in simply one of engineering. With the end of the war and the consequent wide use of platinum for jewelry, I believe the Alaska heds will prove u valuable source of world supply."

Mystery Port. A mystery port ou the east coast of England was one of the wonders of the war. Its name is now revenled as Richborough, near Sandwich. Here there is a wide stretch of marshland surrounding the mouth of the River Stour, and upon this has been built a town covering considerably over two thousand acres. From this place one and a quarter tons of stores have been sent to the western front sione. This great new port is just outside Sandwich, one of the old Cinque ports famous in the days of Queen Elizabeth. The ancient town, where a few years ago the grass was growing in the streets has taken on a new leuse of life.

Sniper Was Busy. Private Lewis made down his hed in the corner of a building that was just in the edge of what would have

heen No Man's Land had the armistice not Intervened. "I sure didn't think I'd ever sleep here," he said to a comrade.

"Why, I was popping away at a sulper from that hole in the corner just a couple of days ago. Gee, but It seems queer [" "And what was the sniper doing to

you?" some one laquired from the other corner. Well," said Lewis, "he was sure rais-

- with my life insurance,"

Miles of Cents. Nearly two miles of cents raised

smong the office force of Thomas E. Rush, surveyor of the port of New York, were given to the Salvation Army as the Surveyors' Customs Welfare association's contribution toward happy holidays for the poor. A mile of eeuts was the goal set for the collections, about \$820 helag an estimate for that amount, but a sum of \$1,500 was collected. The hox containing the flood of copper required ten men to Uft it.

Vinton's Liberty Loan Boat Will Have Girl Sponsor



MARGARET FISCHER

NOT a very hig girl, Margaret.
And when she stands up alongside of a great ocean boat

she will not look any higger. But she is going to christen a boat just the saine. Vinton County, Ohlo, has chosen her-Margaret Fischer of Zaleski, Ohio,to be sponsor for the boat which that county won the right to name. Vinton County won the distinetion in the last Liberty Loan campaign when it was the first eounty in the Cincinnati area to attain its quota in Liberty Bond sales. The county's quota was \$120,500, and it had subscribed that amount at the end of the first day of the drive. Its final subscriptions totaled \$158,850.

The boat is being built in one of the hig government ship yards and probably will be ready for the launching in Spring.

UNCLE SAM HAS BIG APPETITE NOW FOR SAFE INVESTMENTS

BETWEEN TWENTY AND TWEN-TY-FIVE MILLION BOND BUY-ERS TAKE ELEVEN BIL LION IN YEAR.

Pessimists who shake their heads and join the chorus of "I dunno" boys at the prospect of floating a Fifth Liberty Loan in April are given food for thought in some figures which have recently been compiled by officials of the Treasury Department at Wash-

The figures give us some idea of just how hig an appetite for safe investment this country has attained in lts war-year. Some of the more striking of the

figures referred to follow:

A bond market which had less than 300,000 customers two years ago had at the close of 1918 hetween 20,000,000 and 25,000,000

huyers. The army of huyers absorbed \$11,165,565,850 worth of bonds in

Liberty Bonds alone In 1918. In the two years of the warcounting the first and second Liberty Losas which were floated in 1917-these bond huyers digested a total of \$16,974,329,850 Liberty

A further development which has the optimistic turn is the market which bond dealers find right now for every sort of bonds-municipal, school, industrial, etc. Bond dealers are selling out all legitimate offerings with such eelerity that they are continually seeking about the country for new issues to market.

This healthy condition of the bond market is explained, perhaps, by the fact that the entire indebtedness of the United States today amounts to slightly less than 7 per cent of the estimated national wealth. The national debt amounts to only about \$170 per capita.

Some of the national debts are: Great Britain, 44.3 per cent of national wealth or \$360 per capita; France, 41.25 per cent of national wealth or \$296.90 per capita; Austria, 84.66 per cent of national wealth or \$242.90 per capita; and Germany, 38.7 per cent of national wealth or \$305.90 per capita. These figures on Germany are excluaive of the ninth war loan, accurate returns of which never were had, and tn the enses of both Austria and Germany no account is taken of any ludemnities which those natious may

Japan is the only hig nation which has a lower per capita debt in relation to its wealth than the United States.

Liberty Loan Levity



youth from a town near New

Haven Allowed he'd not always be slaviu'. "I'll work while I'm fit,"

Said the youth, "Then I'll quit-For I huy bonds with cash that I'm savin'."

at Il a.m.

Berea College Hospital

Best Equipment and Service at Lowest Cost.
Wards for Men and for Women, Sun-parlor.
Private Rooms, Baths, Electric Service.

Surgery, Care in Child-birth, Eye, Nose and Ear GENERAL PRACTICE

Come in and visit an establishment, which is a friend in need, and in reach of all the people.

ROBERT H. COWLEY, M. D., Physician HARLAN DUDLEY, M. D., Physician
MRS. ANNA POWELL HACKETT, R. N., Superintendent
MRS. HELEN STEARN SHARPE, R. N., Assistant

LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

Best Blacksmithing

Scientific horse shoeing, fine Iron work and repairs of all descriptions is back in Berea in school, at the College Blacksmith Shop, Main Street, north of The Citizen end with friends at Bed House.

We Sell lists and sell them right. Mrs. Laura Jones.

Miss Lorena Hafer has been called home on account of the sickness of one of the home folks.

Miss Etta Moore is visiting home. Professor Clark is in Chicago attending the Y. M. C. A. educational conference.

Miss Edith Harwood and Miss Kathyrine visited Itichmond Satur-

We have an up-to-date line of Spring Coats, Suits and Capes in all the new colors.-Eva Walden.

Lakes for a few days last week to see his brother, W. B. Taylor, who has just received his discharge from Camp Polk, N. C. He returned Saturday, accompanied by his brother, Burt, as far as Chicago. Burt was going to Yerkville, Ill., to his forer job as traveling salesman for F. L. Wright Company.

Dean Edwards received a letter from Sam Foster, an old Berea student, who was wounded in France several months ago. He is still in a hospital in France.

Sergt. Walter Heckman writes Dean Edwards from Setlers, Germany. He was one of the 149th Itegiment band who was sent to the Army of Occupation. He is the only one of the Berea boys at this place. His address is, 127th Infantry band, 32nd Division, Army of Occupation. Setlers, Germany.

You must see those pretty onepiece dresses in latest material and all the new colors at Eva Walden's.

Mrs. J. W. Herndon and Mrs. Thos. J. Osborne motored over to Richmond on Monday to altend a meeting of the Boonesborough Chapter of the D. A. It.

You will find the latest Spring Hats, in both material and color, on display at Eva Walden's.

Dr. J. Chester Gabbard, Dentist, now located up stairs over the Meat Market in the Coyle Bullding. Come Frost's Secretary, is visiting Berea and see me in my new location.

who now has charge of a band in cities. Last week she attended a Tours, France. He wrote from Paris dinner party in Detroit where she and spoke of visiting Mr. Taylor. met General Leonard Wood. As he in the last weeks of the war, many was introduced to Miss Smith, of regiments were so destroyed that Berea, the General said, "What the what was left of them were attached stock in those mountains; how they to other regiments or the Army of fought for us in the war." We must Occupation, or to come home. The sometime have General Wood visit cial in the Girls' Gymnasium, to ly call, bands of these regiments, too, were Berea and set a tree on our campus. scattered among other regiments. In this way the Berea boys are no longer together and their leader, Lieutenant Edwards, has been assigned to another band.

The Elizabethtown News says: "Miss Mildred Hudson, a member of the faculty of the local High School has resigned on account of an injured foot which has given her considerable trouble. Miss Hudson was well qualified for the position she held and was a successful teacher. Her many friends among the pupils and patrons regret to lose her. She returned this week to her home

Mrs. E. B. Wilson of Nicholasville was in Berea last week for a short visit.

Clare Canfield has been quite sick at the hospital for a few days.

Mark Flannery of Kingston has purchased the Jerry Richardson property on Center street. Mr. Bichardson has moved to the Cornetius place, which he owns on the corner of Center and Short streets.

Chester Itobertson of the College department left this week for Cineinuati where he goes to work.

Forrest Shuford, a College student of last year, has receptly had his

Miss Una Galdard spent the week

James L. Reynolds, a Berea student of the years 1901-03, has been visiting Berea friends during the past week. Mr. Reynolds has been English, tendered his resignation on farming in Illinois since leaving Sunday, February 2, 1919, to take here, and has succeeded in estab- effect on the last Sunday in March lishing some enviable records in next: this line. He grew 92 bushels of Besolved, that we accept his rescorn to the acre, 52 of wheat, and Ignation, to take effect as specified; 68 of eats en his farm within the last two or three years. He has very high appreciation of the serrecently moved to McAlester, Okla, vice he has rendered in leading the where he will make his future home. church into a harmonious spiritual During all the years of his absence life and a larger experience in giv-

from Berea he has only been with- ing for the Master's work, and in out The Citizen for two years, and building the beautiful house in as an evidence that he was serry which we worship; that we also ex-Jesse Taylor came home from the for his oversight in not renewing press our appreciation of the unsooner, he subscribed for The Cit- tiring service of Mrs. English in all izen within two hours after arriv- branches of Christian work; that we ing in Beren, Monday.

> hold its next meeting at the home ing of the ties of friendly intercourse of Professor and Mrs. Dodge, on and Christian fellowship that have Monday next, February 17, at 7:00 grown up between us, and pray that p. m. Important reports are ex- the blessing of God may go with pected from the several standing them and make them abundantly committees. All occupants of homes useful and happy in their new field on Jackson street and those owning of labor. lots upon it are invited to attend. Fred Turner who has been in camp in Florida arrived in Berea this week where he joined his wife.

FOR SALE

I have three farms around Berea for sale with corn and tobacce land. If not sold by March 1, will be for

J. W. Herndon,

SERGEANT HACKETT RETURNS

ett reached Berea on Tuesday night from Kelly Aviation Field, San Antonio, Texas. For several months Flying School at Kelly Field. Sergeant Hackett will resume his duties as Assistant Treasurer of Berea Col-

MISS SMITH IN DETROIT

Miss Anna L. Smith, President friends in the North and writes that Dean Edwards received a card we shall have generous supporters

RECEIVING SHIP INSTRUCTOR

James Alvin Fox, a former Foundation and Vocational student, who The Gym was elaborately decoreceived training as Machinists Mate (Aviation) at the Great Lakes colors. After playing several games, Naval Training School, has just been detailed as an instructor on the Iteceiving Ship, Charleston, South and marshmallows, and several Carolina.

Mr. Fox has been in active serand but recently returned from

Fox, community worker and teacher at Sarrow Cap and the Foundation

For the benefit of his many friends here, Mr. Fox's address is given. James Alvin Fox, W. M. "A" 2

Iteceiving Ship Charleston, S. C.

Stomach Trouble. er not to eat anything white there as her slomach was upset. When she came in she said, "Anntle, mamma said I shouldn't eat anything because my

stomach has tipped over."

WOUNDED BEREA

SOLDIER SPEAKS Corp. Ben W. McGuire, for four years a Bereg student, who fought and was wounded at Chategu-Thierry, led Foundation chapel Wednes-

Corporal McGuire spent 13 months in France. He gave some very vivid sketches of his experiences. During the big German drive that broke down at Chateau-Thierry he went, 12 days without a change of clothing and with very little to ent. Then when a trip back to a rest camp was expected, orders came to go to another sector. Here he was wounded by a machine gun while making for the Him trenches,

"It was a great sight," said Cororal Mctinire, "to see the soldiers -men of all nationalities, - The gims, the equipment moving on unceasingly to stop the invaders."

Corporal McGuire was picked up off the battlefield by an old friend and was for several months in the hospital, under the splendid care of the Bed Cross, and then was sent back to the United States. He had a good word for the Y. M. C. A., prais-

ing the "Y" men yery hearfuly.

He said, in conclusion, that the discharge from the U. S. navy and men of clear Christian character stood well in battle, but the "tough awful hour.

BAPTIST PASTOR RESIGNS

Whereas, our pastor, the Rev. E. It.

That in doing so we express our hold them both in high esteem and The Jackson Street League will affection; deeply regret the sunder-

BOONE TAVERN NOTES

Lillia A. Moore who used to be in charge of the Old Hospital is here for a visit. Her home is in Denver. Mr. and Mrs. Jett of Itichmond are guests this week.

S. L. Ginter of Orleans, N. Y., is visiting his daughters who are Academy students here.

The last few weeks has brought traveling men at the Tavern. Many called from this world on the 27th of them have just been released from the army.

he has been training Cadels in the BEREA BOY WINS STATE CHAM-PIONSHIP

In a letter to County Agent Spence. Mr. Olis Kercher, State leader of Boys' Clubs, writes as follows:

the pig and corn club champion of they be published. the State and we now find, after areful examination of the records for 1918, that he has won the poultry chib championship, which entitles from his son, Lieut, Paul Edwards, in Cleveland, Toledo, and other him to hold the poultry cup for one year and to have his name engraved thereen."

AELIOIAN SOCIAL

Aelioian, the oldest girls' literary society in the Academy, gave a so-Academy hoys Monday afternoon, There were about sixty-live pres-

ent and Mr. Martin, our illustrious English teacher, had the pleasure of entertaining three young tadies. rated with Academy and Aclinian the following lunch was served: Richmond Junction. Party will cheese sandwiches, pickles, cocoa, kinds of delicious home-made cau- prosecution. dies. The small tables were arrangvice in France and Cardiff, Wales, ed so us to form the figure A, representing either Academy or Achioan. After lunch all were gathered He is a brother of Miss Adelia 'round the cheerful five and tourted every day. Would trade for late marshmallows until five thirty. We model Ford car, sang "We're All Good Fellows" and departed for the bearding hall. Although no one seemed to he inter- Phone 156-3 ested in supper, all went to the boarding hall for there were secial privileges. As a whole, every one

had a very pleasant time. The Aeliolans meet every Saturday night in the second floor parlor Edna, four, was going next door to of James Itali. They are doing exber suntle. She was told by her moth- collent literary work and have been very presperous this year, Every one is cordially invited to visit their meetings and enjoy the benefit of literary work.

WITH THE CHURCHES

Union Church The Sunday-school with classes for all at 9:45. Preaching service

The Christian Endeavor is going over the top these days under the leadership of Creed Frye and his co-workers. The house was packed Sunday night even to the gattery The Expert Endeavor Class under Mr. Christopher is alive and full of

Professor Hizney led Mr. Burgess' Bible Class with marked interest and acceptability on Sunday Mr.

Burgess is improving in health. The Woman's Industrial is now at work to the joy of its members who have missed its meetings, The directors are Mrs. B. H. Boherts, Mrs. Cowley, and Miss Burgess.

The new hymn books are appreclated by choir and congregation. Professor Lewis is making the Sunday-school a place of interest.

First Baptist Church Sunday-school at 9:45 a.m.

Preaching service at II a. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening

The B. Y. P. U. service at 6:15. We extend a hearty welcome to guys" would break down in the all to unite with us in these serv-

Christian Church

The services last Sunday were of special interest and three new members were added to the church tellowship. The congregation is looking forward with interest to the evangelistic meelings to fegin February 21. Further announcements will be made next week. The services next Sunday will be at the usual hours. Bible school at 9:45. followed by preaching services at H:00 o'clock. All are weelome.

Y. W. C. A.

Miss Tommye Bussell led the Y. W. C. A. in Ladies Hall Sunday evening. The topic was, "The Beloved Captain." The meeting was full of sporit and helpfulness.

Miss Bertha Puff was the leader in Kentucky Hall.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR

The best testimony nieeting 1 was ever in," said a member of C. F., when asked about their meeting Sunday evening. "You had to get in a hurry if you got in a word."

Miss Oueen Ballard led. The subject was, "I will and what will I." Almost everybody took part.

MEMORIAL RESOLUTIONS The following resolutions were adopted by Capt. James West G. A. R.

Post at its regular meeting on Satorday, February 8, 1919. Whereas, Comrade Garland Laws, a member of Capt. James West Post a marked increase in the number of for more than twenty years, was

> of January, 1919, therefore, Itesolved, that we place upon our records this expression of our regard for the departed, as a comrade, a brave soldier, and an orderly and

loyal Christian citizen. itesolved, that a copy of these resolutions be furnished the family "Lona C. Fish is a wonder. He of the deceased, and one to the Behas already had the honor of being rea Citizen, with the request that

> W. H. Bicknell, Commander. LeVant Dodge, Adjutant.

KHAKI YARN WANTED

The Junior Navy League girls would like all the pieces of kliaki yarn left over from soldiers' sweat- D. M. Click, deceased, will present ers. They are planning to work same, properly sworn to, on or bethese up into a blanket for use in fore the 15th day of March, 1919, to some hospital. Kindly leave these C. H. Click, administrator, or same III Mrs. Baker's store or notify one will be barred by law. of the committee and they will glad-Annahel Porter,

Ethel Wyatt, Helen Boherts.

NOTICE

On January 9, 1 saw a woman wearing my for that was lost in my smil-case on November 6, at please return suit-case to me at Beren Cottege Hospital and escape Emma Neeley.

FOR SALE

Ford truck, Running One-ton It, L. Potts & Son,

Whites Station, Ky

Berea Exchange.

Houses to Rent

Several desirable dwellings in and near Berea,

> Thos. J. Osborne, College Treasurer



You Can Assist

in perfecting our nation's banking organization by carrying your account with a bank which is a member of the Federal Reserve System.

Berea National Bank



NEW SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

Ladies' nifty suits, spring coats, capes, and all that goes to make up stylish ladies' apparel have just arrived. We are able to offer better bargains in these goods than has been possible in a long time.

COME IN AND SEE THEM

B. E. BELUE CO.

Richmond

FARM FOR SALE

An eighty acre farm will be sold In the highest bidder,

Saturday, February 22, 1919 at 10:00 o'clock a. m.

This farm lies one mile west of

acres has been cleared. day of sale. W. T. DALTON, Conway, Ky.

NOTICE

All persons leaving claims against

Administrator of the estate of D. M. Click, deceased.

C. H. CLICK.

FOR SALE House and lot on High street,

This is an ideal place for a home, large lot, good barn and garden, tive room house with water and electric lights. Now occupied by J. E. Gott. For price and terms address D. M. Gott, Route No. 6, Aberdeen, Mlss.

PUPIL NURSES WANTED

Robinson Hospital, Inc., Berea, Ky., Offers a three year course in trainlng for nurses. Graduates eligible for State registration. Remuneration given. For application blanks and Illustrated leaflet, Superintendent of Nurses.

FOR SALE

A desirable home in Berea on Center street. Large lot, good garden. plenty of fruit. Five room cettage, other sultable outbuildings. Chicken house and yard. Never failing water at door. \$1,500 will buy if sold new.

J. A. Wyatt, 2894 Williams ave., Cincinnati, Oakley, O.

DEALERS IN REAL ESTATE Berea, Kentucky

Kentucky

We are still selling Iteal Estate Conway, Ky., joins Henry Legear's in and around Berea; but soon it farm. Has a new three-roomed will be impossible to get possession house, harn and crib. About four this year, as farmers are making arrangements for the year's work. Terms will be made known on A few more bargains in small farms and city property. Come and get one while you can, they will be higher next year.

> See Dean at the Berea Bank and Trust Co.; catch Herndon on the Gy.

> > Respectfully,

DEAN & HERNDON, Dealers in Real Estate, Berea, Ky.

F. L. MOORE'S

Jewelry Store FOR

First Class Repairing AND

Fine Line of Jewelry

Bourbon Poultry Remedy Cures Reup

BEREA, KY.





The Citizen

Published every Thursday at Beren, Ky

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WM. G. FROST, Editor-in-Chief Subscription Rates

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Liberal terms given to any who obtain new subscriptums for us. Any one sending us four yearly subscriptions can receive The Citizen free for one year.
Advertising rates on application.

RED CROSS NEWS GRENADES

Ten per cetd of the proceeds of the Carroll county (Miss. Hed Cross Pig Clab's recent shipment of 24 ears of hogs to the St. Loms market come to the fied thoss.

One Sunday morning at First Hiver Harracks - somewhere in Si-Commission gave complete suits of clothing to 150 cold little children.

"Never felt better in my life,"

way back from Germany. "And who has saved my life? I guess you know; the Red Lross, of course," A building where automobile repairs and farm mechanics can be

General Hospital. American apples - that's what Colonel Swalm, American consul at ltarian and because the German rev-Scotlangton, managed to tave sent over through the fied Cross, to give away with these evils, the hoches

A Red Cross samtary train makes scheduled runs between Geneva, Prof. Hans Delhruck predicts that the Switzerland, and Rastatt, one of the Germans will again plunge the world largest German prison camps. The into war if their country is made the train carries an operating room, a diner, and accommodations for 480 stretcher eases.

RESTORING THE DEATH PENALTY

After experimenting for some time with the other system, the t.egislature of our neighboring State of Tennescee has decided to restore the death penalty as a punishment for aggravated homicide, and one or two of the other offenses usually deemed capital in nature, and, as this action was taken upon the recommendation of the Governor, it is assured that the latter will sign

Tennessee has had the experience of almost all other civilized communities that have tried to do away with the death penalty. One of two results, and sometimes both, is always perceptible after the abolition of the death penalty. Meg who commit bideous crimes are either treated with great harsbness in captivity or lynching becomes rampant.

to the old world, except in times of revolution, lynch law is not often an evil, but the other evil is apparent. Thus in ttaly, where the death penalty is not allowed, a system has grown up of imprisoning morderers under such conditions of solitary confinement as to make death on the gallows infinitely preferable. Something of the same kind prevails in Switzerland.

On this side of the Atlantic the States that have tried to do without the death penalty have suffered in two ways. First, lynchings have increased, and second, many men who should have been executed are pardoned after having been given life sentences. The death penalty is the proper penalty at law for aggravated morder. It should not be disregarded. Its chief value is the effect it las as a deterrent. - Louisville tled. Evening Post.

RELIGIOUS FREEDOM IS URGED

American Bible Society Sends Message for President to Present to Peace Conference.

New York, Feb. 10.-President Wilson was asked to see that provision was made at the peace conference "for maining the complete religious freedom throughout the world," in a cable message sent him by the American lible society. The message asserted that the society would not "restrict this freedom so as to exclude any creed or profession of fulth," but wanted Christian missionaries left free to engage in their work anywhere,

Clocks That Speak. Clocks without bands or faces are now common in Switzerland. The timeplece siunds in the hall, and, when a button is pressed, by means of phone graphic arrangements it calls out "Half-past five" or "Five minutes to

nine," as the case may be.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Ebert, Opening German National Assembly, Protests Against Harshness of Ailles.

DELEGATES SHOUT APPROVAL

Huns Adopt Unique Attitude for a Conquered People—Pasce Conferance Makes Progress With the Leagus of Nations-America May Be Asked to Govern Constantinopie.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD. Chancallor Ebert, in his speech at the opening of the German national assembly at Weimar, gave expression to the growing reaculment of the Gerwhich has stready been noted commented on. Seemingly not recognising that Germany is a conquered nation, he protested bitterly seainst the "unheard of and ruthless" terms of the armistice, and went so far as to warn the ailies not to push the Huns too far. His hearers apberta - the Red Gross Siberian planded his utterances, and shouled their indignation when he altuded to the 800,000 prisoners of war still held by the silled nations.

The reply of the silles was swift and decisive. The aupreme conneil writes one American prisoner on bis at Paris at once took up the discussion of the armistice terms with the apparent intention of putting on the clamps tighter and of compelling Germany to carry out certain of the terms that she has not been complied with

History does not record another extanght the convalescent soldiers will ample of a thoroughly whipped people be conducted at the Walter Reed securing toward their conquerors an sittitude comparable with that the Huns are laking. Because their opponents announced they were fighting to wipe out German autocracy and milelution, so called, says it has done to the thousands of wounded Yan- seem to think the lasues of the war kees whom he visited in England. have been settled and that they are entitled to sit in with the victors on an equality in arranging the "peace of justice" of which they now prate. "wage slave" of its enemies

> Though the peace conference's commission on the league of nations is making very considerable progress with its task, the drafting of the plans for the organisation is not without eerious difficulties. These last week centered in the diversity between the dustres of the great powers and tha claims of the smaller nations as to representation in the league. Before the closs of the wack it was announced the commission had agreed provisionally on the preamble and two-thirds of the articles, but what

these are was not revealed. Two general plans were inid before the commission. The first, which was favored by the small nations, provided for a legislative branch on which the large and small nations would be equally represented, such as a nuit: an executive branch consisting of two members from each of the five great powers and nine mamhers chosen from the small powers; and arbitration of international disputes by three arhitrators. In the second plan the legislative branch was left unchanged, but the executive branch was made to consist chiefly of the great powers, and instead of arbitration, there was substituted an executive council of the greaf powers as a tribunal for judging International is-

in a word, the great powers fear that if all nations are given equal representation in the league, they will find themselves in the minority though their interests might be much greater, and the small powers fear that, if not equally represented, they will be swamped. Itut the "big five" shows signs of yielding enough to sat-

Concurrently with the work on the league, the conflicting territorial cisims of the various nations are being heard and studied, but the establishment of a principle on which such ciaims shall be decided depends so much on the creation of the league of nations that action on the report of the territory commission is not expected hefore the other matter is set-Just where the United States is go-

ing to "get off" in all this is a question that is worrying many others besides our senstors, who debate it frequently. If the orders of the league are to he backed by force, it might he necessary to land European troops in a South American conutry, and that is in direct violation of the Monroe doctrine. If the former German colonies and parts of the Turkish empire are to be governed by mandatories of the league, the United Sistes cannot well evade some of the reaponsibility and might be called on to administer the affairs of Constantinopie and the Dardanelles, maintaining military as well as civil forces there. Conceivably, this would arouse the bitter opposition of a considerable portion of our population, but as we, through President Wilson, are taking a leading part in the reconstruction of the world by the nations that defeated Germany, we cannot svoid shouldering our share of the resultant labor

Another interesting angle to the situation was disclosed by the statement by ttritish Foreign Secretary

the shrogation of international sillences hitherto entered into. Apparently Great Britain, France and Japan ere not entirely sure of the full effiency of the lengus and would have their offensive and defensive alliances to full back upon in case of need. Mr. Balfour's statement also gave rise to the opinion that the silled nations might ducting to shrogate the secret treaties they entered into for the division among them of certain territoriss of the central powers. France is perhaps especially interested in this, as the secret treatles not only gave her Aisace-Lorraine, hat size the and provided that the German territories on the left bank of the Rhine should be freed from all political and economic dependence on Germany.

Lenine's foreign minister, Tchitcherin, has sent out a wireless message saying the soviet government is willing to participate in the proposed conference on the Princes' lelands. He also intimates that his government will cease its propaganda in other countries if the entente powers will undertake not to interfere with Russia's internal affairs. The other Russian factions, as represented at Paris, were rather surprised by Tchitcherin's action and were not at all plassed. They are strongly opposed to the conference and had hoped a rafusal hy the soviet government would relieve them of the necessity of rejecting the plan. The bolshevists, or, to give them the more filling appellation, the enerchists, in aorthern Russis, after a series of successes against the American and aliled troops which were due to the difficulty the latter experienced in getting supplies, went a bit too far and were given a stinging defeat hy the Yanks at Vistavks on the Vaga river. About the same time the Siberlan troops under General Guida practically annihilated two divisions of the anarchists at Kungur, 50 miles southeast of l'erm, relieving the latter city from the danger of attack. Ganeral Gaids then advanced on Uls, which the anarchists took some time ago. The centrai soviet of Moscow has called to the colors sil men hetween the ages of twenty-nine and forty-five years, saying they will be thrown into the war if the conference on Prinkipo island is a fallure.

in some directions the successes of the anarchists of Russis were continued. They wars raported to bave captured Windau, Conriand's port, and to have gained control of virtually the whole of the Ukraine.

The Polish and Czecho-Slovak troops that had been fighting on the Silesian front signed an armistice which, it is presumed, will permit the emissarias of the peace conference to settle the quarral between the two nations.

The authorities of the silled nations maintain their sloof attitude toward the German "revolution," never permitting themselves to be quoted concerning it nor paying the slightest attention to the lucuhrations of hypocrites such as Bernstorff. But they are watching with interest the international conferences of Socialists and irades unions that are in session in Berne, Switzerland. The former seems to be virtually dominated by the pro-Teuton elements. The Trades Union conference, in which are delegates from the f land, is discussing international labor legislation in conjunction with the Socialists.

Turkey let out a loud wall recently in protest against the proposition to put Constantinople, the Bosporus and the Dardanelles under international control. This ides is being promul-United States as the one disinterested power that could handle the terri-The Ottoman liberal party. which has been anti-German throughout the war, asked President Wilson to save Constantinople to Turkey by giving it a chance at self-determination. Several days later the sultan bimself sent a secret letter to the ilbland, appealing to them to return bonte and save their country from the starvation and lawlessness prevalent nuler the regime by which the noninal ruler is dominated. Many communities and municipalities under Ottoman rule have sent petitions to the American pence delegates usking that they be put under the protection of the United States.

The labor situation grew better in Great Britain and worse in the United States inst week. The British public apparently awoke to the fact that the strikes there, unnuthorized by the trades nalon authorities, were being stirred up by alles anarchist teaders and the men began returning to their work pending penceful settlement of the disputes. The railway men and electrical workers resumed their inbor to London and the city began to get relief from conditions that had nearly paratyzed it for days. In Helfast the strike leaders were arrested on conspiracy charges.

The United States was hit hardest tast week at points widely separated -New York and Senttle, in the metropoits building operations were virtually ited up by a tockout de ing to sell. The high dollar gets them. clared by the Building Trades Employers' association which affected 25,000 workers and which threatened to spread throughout the country and

In Senttle the \$0,000 shipbuilders who are on strike received the support of a general strike which was started on Thorsdor Practically all

(Continued on Page Eight)

finifour that the establishment or the THE PROPOSED TAX FOR ROADS thoroughly connected system ac- may kill any dog which he sees in MADISON COUNTY

A special meeting of the Madison Fiscal Court has been called for Tuesday, February 18, 1919, to cousider the advisability of calling un election to be held at some date to be fixed by the Court prior to April 1, next, to take the sense of the voters of the county in a proposition to levy a special tax not to exceed twenty cents (\$0.20) on the \$100.00; of taxable property in the county, entire coal district of the Saar valley. for a period not to exceed ten years, for the purpose of the improvement or construction of the public roads and bridges of the county, either or both, as the Fiscal Court may direct,

The authority under which said election may be ordered by the Fiscal Court is conferred by an act of the Legislature at its special session in 1917, and the law was approved by the Governor April 25, 1917, since which time about fifteen Kentucky counties have held elections in which the proposition was jected by a majority of the voters, lows:

the amount collected is deposited by pary, one thousand nine hundred the Sheriff with the County Treas- and nineteen, it shall be unlawful urer, and the Fiscal Court alone for any person to own or keep any has the control of the expenditure dog unless such dog is licensed by of the fund so collected, subject to the County Clerk or deputy of the to its equitable distribution to the onless such dog at all times wears various parts of the county from the collar and tag provided for hy night at 6:30, February 17. which collected, etc., etc.

the unprecedented increase of auto- poses." mobile traffic on the roads of the county causes our Macadam roads to deteriorate rapidly, especially the pected in the immediate future.

bridges where considerable num- the law, to the live stock fund." hers of our people are thereby Section 2t of the act is perhaps. The school at Scaffold Cane will

league of nations would not require AND BRIDGES AND ITS APPLICA- commodating the people living in the act of tursning, warrying or TION TO PRESENT CONDITIONS IN every section of the county with a wounding any live stock, or attacksurface road travelable every day ing human heings, whether or not

to the present tax of 25 cents would such killing." This would seem to make available about \$90,000.00 for offer great projection to all liveroad work in the county, which stock. amount should in a few years place the county in the forefront of Ken- any person sastains any loss or

justify the calling of an election, may justice of the peace. rnary 18, and he heard.

NEW DOG LAW

The new dog law enacted by the approved by a majority of the voters General Assembly of the Commonand in a few counties, perhaps four wealth of Kentucky to become efor five, the proposition has been re- fective January 1, 1919, reads as fol-

Under the provisions of this law On and after the first day of Janthis act, excepting such dogs as are It is recognized at this time by a temporarily brought into the Stale great majority of our people that for breeding, trial or show pur-

The Penalty

main roads leading from Richmond violating or failing or refusing to ject will have a leader but will be and it is necessary to change the comply with any of the provisions discussed by the farmers and their type of road on these lines so as to of this act shall be deemed guilty of families. withstand the traffic now using a misdemeaner and upon conviction them and that which may be ex- shall be adjudged to pay a fine of not exceeding \$100, or to undergo It is also manifestly true that all an imprisonment of not exceeding bridges and smaller drainage struc- three months, or both at the discretures on these main roads should be tion of the court. All fines collected of the farmers last year, and we so constructed as to give maximum under the provisions of this act shall feel that we should keep the name. carrying capacity, strength and per- be forthwith paid to the treasurer manence. The turnplke system of of the proper county, and credited the county should be extended by after the payment of such commis- this school. We hope to have the building of new pikes and ions as officers be entitled to under school in other communities if plans

such dog bears the license tag re-A special tax of 20 cents per \$100 goired by the provisions of this act, would produce annually approxi- There shall be no lightlity on such imately \$40,000.00, which in addition person in damages or otherwise for

The law provides that whenever tucky countles in respect to roads. damage to any livestock or poultry The Court does not wish to pro- by dogs, or any livestock of any reed with this important matter or person is necessarily destroyed heput the county to the expense of an eause of having been bitten by a election unless there is evidence of dog, such person or his agent may sufficient favorable sentiment to complain to the county judge or to

and every citizen and taxpayer is The complaint most he in writing, requested to Indicate to the Magis- most be signed by the person maktrate in his district his views uponying the complaint and shall state this matter, and to be present at the when, where and bow such damage meeting of the Court Tuesday, Feb- was done, and by whose dog or dogs, if known. "Such county judge or justice of the peace shall appoint two appraisers whose duty it shall be to investigate and ascertain the amount of damage done," "The owner who suffers the loss shall be reimbursed out of the funds of the county in which the damage was

FARMERS' NIGHT SCHOOL

Again the time has come for the farmers, with their families, of Scaffold Cane Community, to attend all provisions of the law applying county in which the dog is kept and their Annual Night School of one week. This school begins Monday

The following subjects will be disussed: seeds, soils, fertilizer, gardening, crop rotation, fruit growing, milk testing, live stock and club work. These subjects were selected Section 33 provides as follows: by the farmers themselves at a "Any person other than an officer meeting Tuesday night. Each sub-

This Farmers Revival will have many preachers but one text: Whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap." We say revival because it was called so by one All who are interested from other communities are invited to attend

can be arranged in March.

benefited until the turnpike system the most interesting part of the new be conducted by Asher Strong and of the county is thereby made a law. It provides that "Any person County Agent Spence.

PUBLIC SALE

Grass and Tobacco Land Tuesday, February 19th, 1919, 10 A. M.

gated in Paris especially by the entente nations, and they assert that farm on the Kingston and Crooksville pike, and containing 150.29 acres. The farm will be We will offer for sale publicly the farm of E. B. Warford, known as the "Joe Bales" offered in THREE TRACTS containing 25, 40 and 85 acres, respectively, and will then be offered as a whole.

> Tract No. 1-25 ACRES adjoining the land of Hugh Murray and Powell. Seven acres now in wheat. No improvements.

> Tract No. 2—40 ACRES fronting on the Kingston and Crooksville pike; 16 acres of wheat on this tract; the balance to go in corn. No improvements.

Tract No. 3—85 ACRES fronting on the Kingston and Crooksville pike; 25 acres eral Turks in France and Switzer of virgin soil; 35 acres almost as good: 10 acres to go in tobacco and the balance in the yard and lots. Upon this tract is a dwelling, good stock barn, tobacco barn, and all necessary outbuildings.

> POSSESSION OF THESE FARMS WILL BE GIVEN IMMEDIATELY. TERMS LIBERAL and will be stated on the day of sale.

> If you want to buy a farm, this is your opportunity. It is very seldom that this kind of land is placed on the market, and if you want a farm, come to this sale, for it is going to be sold, rain or shine. Farm land is not going down. It is going up. Whoever buys this farm will help feed Europe, and don't forget that the high price of tobacco has come to stay.

AT THE SAME TIME AND PLACE, WE WILL ALSO SELL THE FOLLOWING-

16 yearling steers 4 weanling beffer calves combined family horse, 7 years old 3 good nillch cows, 3 to 7 years old t good puny, 7 years old

4 sows and 23 pigs 12 So pound Duroc shoats I lmar, weight about 150 pounds r good brood sow, to pig in April

i meat hog, weight about 200 pounds 50 barrels picked corn 30 barrels short sound corn 200 shocks of fodder

t ton or more of millet 1 two horse wagon r new buggy

i flrown cultivator (walking) 1 9-foot section harrow No. 12 Valcan breaking plow

t double shovel plow t Hoosier wheat drill

2 sets buggy harness

set plow and wagon harness Wire stretchers

Hoes, Shovels, Picks, Diggers Lot of loose lumber

Honsehold Goods

Florence Heater as good as new, and other

This farm and these articles are going to be sold without by-bid. Mr. Warford is go-

Anyone desiring to inspect this farm can do so by seeing the undersigned, who will take pleasure in showing it to you; or Mr. Warford will be glad to show it to any party desiring to purchase.

DON'T FORGET THE DATE-TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1919, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

Sole Agents for E. B. Warford Free bus to Farm from my Office at 9 s. m. Richmond, Ky.

MOUNTAIN AGRICULTURE

Conducted by Mr. Robert F. Spence, Farm Demonstrator and Special

RHODE ISLAND RED

following are the classes:

\$t.00; 3rd prize, 50 cents.

cents.

cents.

5. Best hen: 1st prize, \$1.00; 2nd partment of Agriculture. prize, 50 cents; 3rd prize 25 cents.

Red eggs for hatching purposes other refuse about the farm. stiould come to this show Saturday. Orders wiit be taken and can be Illied in a short time by the associa-

Our State poultry specialists witt an application blank. be present and lecture on poultry and heip soive the difficult questions as to hatching and rearing the chicks. The public is invited to attend this show and see some real Rhode Island Reds.

CO-OPERATION OF OUR BANKS

with the Rhode Island Red Poultry sizes are allowed to pite up at night Island Red Poultry Show. We wish to express our appreciation of the co-operation of our banks in help. ing to push the agricultural interests in this section.

people who are interested in raising the Reds. Arrangements will be made for the distribution of eggs on cohe and manure. Wallows should be certain days.

Standardize Eastern Keutucky by Raising Rhode Island Reds

The State of Kentucky has a movement now on to standardize poultry. There will be four leading breeds in the State.

Eastern Kentucky, with the exception of a few counties, will have lescent American soldiers there. She every breed, variety and color and a mixture of all can be had in Kentucky. The time is coming when we hope to see counties and sections noted for one breed.

Join hands and help to paint Eastern Kentucky Red. Madison and Hockcastle counties have aiready started in the husiness and the siogan for each county is, "Paint the County Red."

Come to the show, Saturday, Feb-

ruary 15, and get an inspiration. Kentucky Pure Bred Live Stock Association

All farmers who are interested in huying some pure bred live stock, now is the time to do it.

'The Kentucky Pure Bred Live Stock Association has put on a sale at the Bourbon Stock Yards, Louisvitte, February 25, 26, 27, and 28. At tilese sales pure bred sires can be had at a reasonable price.

Tuesday, February 25, "ilolstein" and "Hampshire" day.

Wednesday, February 26, "Angus" and "Poinnd China" day,

Thursday, February 27, "Shorthorn" and "Polled Durham" and "Durne Jersey" day,

Friday, February 28, "Hereford" and "Berkshire" day.

This is a sale which ought to be attended by all farmers who are interested in buying a good buil and boar. The county agent at Berea requests that all farmers attend this time and buy a bull and boar.

Rounding Up Odd Joba

The really thrifty and industrioufarmer never tacks for work, even in February. Ordinarily there is a greater number of days untit for Held work than in any other month of the year. But in the Southern States, especially along the Guif Coast section, there is rarely a day that some outside work cannot be nione. There is much need for repair work on fences, barns, tenant houses, etc., clearing of land, mend-

Do not forget the Rhoto Island tools, implements, and trarness, and Ited Poultry Show, Saturday, Febru- various other olds and ends that Reds, make entries in the show. The greatly help when the real spring work comes on. January is a good 1. Hest pen consisting of 1 cock and time to get out fence posts for use 4 hens; 1st prize, \$2.00; 2nd prize, next summer and fall. It is well known that all posts should he wel! 2. Best pen consisting of t cockerel seasoned before using. When necesand 4 pullets: 1st prize \$2.00; sary to use posts made from inferior fore setting them. This treatment 3. Best cock; 1st prize, \$t.00; 2nd can be given now, provided the prize, 50 cents; 3rd prize 25 posts are sensoned or dry enough to take the treatment. For full in-4. Best cockerel: 1st prize, \$1.00; 2nd formation in regard to treatment of to Forest Service, United States De-

Save Manure

There has never been a time when 6. Best puttet: 1st prize, \$1.00; 2nd the making, saving, and utilizing of sential. All fertilizing material is All the exhibitors are asked to high in price, and some kinds canbring their birds to the county not be had in sufficient quantities at agent's office on Main street, first, all. Farm manure may be used for They will be directed from there to a number of purposes to a much the exhibit room. Birds should be better advantage than commercial brought as early Saturday morning fertilizers. The lotal quantity of manure can be greatly increased by All those who are interested in keeping live stock sheds and stables securing pure bred Rhode Island well bedded with straw, teaves, and

> tike to employ a returned soldier, call at county agent's office and get

Hogs Contract Colds and Pneumonia—Caution Urged

Trouble often develops among hogs at this season of the year in the form of cold and pneumouln, according to Dr. Rohert Grahnm, professor of ani-Our two banks, The Berea Bank mal pathology at the University of & Trust Company and the First Illinois. Doctor Graham gives warn-National Bank, join hand to hand ing that when pigs of all ages and Association in tinancing the Rhode in a warm shed some are likely to come out steaming in the morning and that the cold winds and frosty atmosphere will have a bad effect on them. He recommends the following precautions: llog houses and feeding places, runways, fences and sheds, should he These banks have agreed to handle thoroughly cleaned and sprayed with Rhode island Red eggs and furnish a 3 per cent water solution of comthem on a cash basis to all of the pound of cresol (U. S. P.) or its recognized equivalent. Quicklime should be scattered freely about the lots, after they have been raked clean of drained and fenced off, all small holes Help Paint the County Red, and filled and large fields where the infection prevails should be cultivated.

Marie's American Anthem. In far away France little Marie, laundry. aged six, visited the Red Cross hospital near her home every day, and became very popular with the conva-Rirode Island Reds. Today a bird of soon became very good friends with the soldiers and they delighted to teach her scraps of English. When they sang she joined them in their American songs. One day, in Murie's school, teacher asked her class the title of America's national anthem The ctass tooked blank, until Marle, with a fash of inspiration, jumped to her feet and announced, "Hatt! Hatt! the Gang's All Here," in quaint, rolling

Heating the House.

The proper temperature for various rooms of the home are as follows: The living room shoutd be 70 degrees, no more. It should be occusionally atred so that it does not become close, but the doors should be kept closed into the halt. The dining room and kitchen shoutil be heated to 65 degrees. Mout kitchens rise higher than that. The bedrooms should be heated not at all, ing the winter and spring terms. except for the little time that the occupants use them for dressing. The bathroom should he made as warm as given no special heat, as we are al- be gotten for least money. ways exercising when we are going through them.

Clever Engineering Feat.

Bisecting tong boats so that they could be taken through the Welland canal was considered an interesting fent a short time ago, but this has heen surpassed, according to the Pop ular Mechanics Magazine. The Charles R. Van Hise, a 10,000-ton bont, was wanted for Attentic service. It had a 50-foot beam, whereas the canal is only 44 feet wide. The boat was cut in two and each half was turned on tra alde in order to be taken through the locks. Floating in this position each sale who can possibly do so at this section cleared the lock sides by just 8 Inches.

> Thinks Many Will Fly. The principal of one of the chief American schools for airplane mechantes thinks that flying to going to be the next great American amusement. He reminds us that our aviation corps has contained a great many young men of large wealth who have shown themselves good sportsmen. They can afford to buy and maintain their own machines and, having become accus tomed to a speed of a hundred and fifty nitles an hour, will find the ordinary modes of travel tame.-Youth'a Companion.

SIX DOORS

POULTRY SHOW terraces, oiling and repairing of FOR ASPIRING YOUNG PEOPLE

ary 15. If you are a preeder of the can be taken care of and that will 1st Door—Berea's Vocational Schools

Training that adds to your moncy-earning power, combined with general education.

FOR YOUNG MEN-Agriculture, Carpentry, Brickiaying, Printing, Commerce and Telegraphy.
FOR YOUNG LADIES — Home Science, Dressmaking, Cooking, Nursing, Stenography and Typewriting.

2nd prize, \$1.00; 3rd prize, 50 timbers it pays to treat them be- 2nd Door—Berea's Foundation School

General Education for those not far advanced, combined with some vocational training. No matter what your present advancement, we can put you with others like yourseif and give chance for most rapid improvement.

prize, 50 cents; 3rd prize, 25 fence posts and other timbers upply 3rd Door—Berea's English Academy Course

For those who are not expecting to teach and who are not going thru College and desire more general education, It also gives the best general education for those who wish a good start lo study and expect to carry it on by themseives.

prize, 50 cents; 3rd prize, 25 ali sorts of farm manure was so es-

This gives the best training for those who expect to teach. Courses are so arranged that young people can teach through the summer and fall and attend school through the winter and spring. thus earning money to keep right on in their courses of study. Read Dinsmore's great book, "Itow to Teach a District School."

5th Door—Berea's Preparatory Academy Course This is the straight road to College-best training in Nathematics, Science, Languages, History and all preparatory subjects. The Academy is now Berea's largest department.

Farmers in need of help and would 6th Door-Berea College

This is the erown of the whole Institution, and provides standard courses in all advanced subjects.

A Temporary Raise in Board is forced by war conditions. For twenty-five years the board has remained the same in Berea, but the unusual situation in which the whole country finds itself now makes it impossible for us to live on the same money as we have in the past This adds \$15.60 to the former expenses of the girls and \$24.60 to

the expenses of the boys, for the year, but still leaves the cost half that at other schools and "cheaper than staying at home."

PAYMENT MUST BE IN ADVANCE, incidental fee and room rent by the term, board by the half term. Installments are as follows:

WINTER TERM Expenses for Boys

22,0000	iv. Doy E		
YOCATI	ONAL AND	ACADEMY	
FOUNDATIO	N SCHOOLS	AND NORMAL	COLLEGE
Incidental Fee	\$ 5.00	₿ 6.00	\$ 7.00
Room		7.00	7.00
Board, 6 weeks	13.50	13.50	13.50
Amount due Jan. i, 1919	25.50	26.50	27.50
Board, 6 weeks, due Feb. 5	13.50	13.50	13.50
Total for Term		40.00	41.00
Expenses	for Girle		
Incidental Fee	\$ 5.00	₿ 6.00	€ 7.00
Room	7.00	7.00	7.00
Board, 6 weeks	12.00	12.00	12.00
Amount due Jan. 1, 1919	24.00	25.00	26.00
Board, 6 weeks, due Feb. 5	12.00	12.00	12.00
Total for Term	*36.00	37.00	30.00

* This does not include the dollar deposit nor money for books or

Special Expenses in Addition to Incidental Fee-Business

	Fall	Winter	Spring
Stenography and Typewriting	\$14.00	\$12.00	\$10.0
Bookkeeping (brief course)	14.00	12.00	10.0
Bookkeeping (reguiar course)	7.00	6.00	5.0
Business course for students in other departments:			
Stenography	10.50	9.00	7.5
Typewriting, with one hour's			
com. Law., Com. Geog., Com.	7.00	6.00	5.0
Arith, or Penmanship, each	2.10	1.80	1.50
In no apportuit angold Dusiness Pos	n awared	ALE OO DON SOME	

In no case will special Business Fees exceed \$15.00 per term.

Ail students do some work with their hands from six to sixteen hours a week as janitors or in the farm, earpenter shop, printing office, laundry, hoarding hall, office, etc., and receive pay which reduces their expenses.

Any able-bodied young man or young woman can get an education at Berea if there is the will to do so.

If it is impossible for any young man or young woman to be in school the full year, by all means they should enter for a course dur-

The public schools will close about Christmus and the teachers and advanced pupils should not be idle through the long winter you choose and the halls should he months but should be studying in Berea where the best education can

Applicants must bring or send a testimonial showing that they are above 15 years old, in good health and of good character. This may be signed by some former Berea student in good standing or some reliable teacher or neighbor. The use of tobacco is strictly forbidden.

For information or friendly advice write to the Secretary,

MARSHALL E. VAUGHN, Berea, Ky.

Two Ways of Taking the Wary Mink -Snare Into Which "Brer Fox"

May Fall.

if a mlok makes a hole through a snowdrift be will use it ngain and a trap set in it will cutch him.

After rold weather sets to, when seifing in shullow water for mink, cloose a place where the current runs swiftly and to not likely to freeze up. When training foxes use a No. 2

is known as "the fox trap." If you wish to be real foxy and cunning yourself, try setting three traps, one in an old puth without any covering, and one on each side, skillfulty covered. The fox will give atl his attention to the uncovered trap and by going around it may step tuto

one of those on the slite. It is not much use to try to trap

HOW TO TRAP SUCCESSFULLY | foxes or any other such wary animal without a good scent. An ear of corn stuck in the mud

near a trup makes an excellent balt One of the best places to took for

coon atgns is in a cornfield.

Arizona Is Cleaning Out Beasts Which Kill Stock

One of the efforts of the state government of Arizona and the federal double spring imp. This style of trap government in their cumpaign for the eradication of predatory animala, which cause large losses in range stock, is the employment of skilled hunters. Thirteen are now in the employ of the atate and federal governments. Other mea are exterminuting rodents which destroy ranges. One of the hunters within two months kitled 11 mountain liona. Another killed 55 copotes within a month.

HOME DEPARTMENT

Conducted by Miss Margaret Dizney, Director of Home Science

By Florence Spring

sary. There are plenty of break- delicious cream or milk toast, fast breads in which eggs are not Luncheon Nut Mullins. Mix toessential.

to wheat flour, while we have a cer- powder. tain quantity which we may conscientiously use, combinations are well as being healthful and good. To possible without using any, and we make the mufitns: Dissoive one can save there, too.

tated meal and entire wheat flour. liceon or tea. Three-fourths cupful of milk, two Fruit muffins are especially liked pans in a quick oven.

given some excellent results.

the finger-tips. Then add enough moderate oven.

in even a short list of eggiess muf- a quick oven for one-tiatf hour. ilus. They are made as follows:

in mullin-pans in a quick oven.

Apple Johnny Cake is also dell- lomission of expensive materials,

(Prepared by the Philed States Depart-ment of Agricollare.)

While the main effort in the camproductive poultry is to be directed to pends much mon the breeders beginthe general farmer and the city householder, it does not follow that the spactalist in poultry production cannot render good service in this cause. He may find it desirable and conducive to his grenter prolit to illversify his farming by devoting more attention to live stock other than poultry and to producing a larger proportion of his feedstuffs on his own ground.

whether a spechil poultry farm can operate profilably along the same lines as in the past. The grower of ut this time. Indeed, in most ruses be must so adopt his business to comped conditions or sacrifice what he has invested in it.

ested in increasing and improving his furm poultry, and every town resident who begins to keep poultry in the back yard is going to buy stock or eggs for lortching, or boby chicks. This should rause at least the normal demand for birds, eggs, and stock in the early part of the year, and ulso stimulate demand for pullets in the fall.

The attention of pouttry breeders who want to produce to meet popular demands may well be called to the advantuge of the "farming out" method of producing stock in quantity. Farmers who are interested in increasing and improving their stock and town people who have room to grow more chickens than they wish for them selves will in many cases find it an advantage to grow stock for a breeder in their vicinity. With so much new interest developing, it should be easier than usual to get breeders and the

EGGLESS BREAKFAST BREADS | cious, Mix one-inalf cupfui each of yeltow and white corn-ment, one tablespoonful sugar, one-half teato this period of conservation and spoonfut sult, and one teaspoonful more stremmous economy, one's rec- shortening together. Scald with lpes for breakfast breads should boiling water, using about threehave a thorough overtiauling to fourths cupfut, until the mixture is keep pace with the general work of a little thicker than will spread; substitution and elimination going then add three tablespoonfuls milk on all along the line. An egg a day and one cupful of chopped apple. in our muttins seems little, but when Sprend on well-greased thus to a reckoned in dollars and cents, just thickness of one-fourth inch, crease now, it nowns a fol. it seems best in squares with the back of a knife. nt present to use the eggs one can and bake in a hot oven until light afford for breakfast or iuncheon brown. Sphi and eat butlered, with dishes, instead of in combination coffee. The apple may be omitted where their use is really unneces- if desired. Either variety makes

gether one cupful partey or rye As we are now trying to get along itour, one cupful out flour, one-half without much wheat flour, the proh- leaspoonful soda, one teaspoonful lem is made somewhat more difficult. baking powder and one tenspoonful Send me rules for things I can salt; add one cupful sour milk, and make without butter, milk, or eggs," one-traif cupful moiasses. Stir weil wrote a young rancher to his mother together and add one-fourth cupful some years ago. It seemed an amus- chopped nuts and, if wished, oneing and difficult problem to that fourth cupful raisins, coarsely shopmother, and when to that require- ped. These muffths may be made of ment we must now add sugar, it sweet milk by omitting the soia and becomes even more strenuous. As using three teaspoonfuls baking-

Itran mullins are very popular, as scant teaspoonfut soda in one and There are several delicious corn- one-fourth cupfuls sour milk, add meal bread preparations requiring one-fourth to one-haif cupful molittle or no wheat flour. A novelty lasses; stir until it foams, then add in this time is a corn-meal mullin to one cupful bran, one cupful oat which is udded cooked rice in the flour, and one teaspoonful sait. Half proportion of one cupful of the rice, a cupful of chopped raisins and nuts o one-half rupful each of granu- is an acceptable addition for iun-

tablespoonfuls of shortening, three by the children and are nutritious tenspoonfuls of haking-powder, and appropriate for school junchsalt and sugar as liked complete the cons. Mix together one cupful burrule, iteat well and bake in gem- ley flour, one cupful out flour, three teaspoonfuls baking-powder, one The revision of my recipes has tablespoonful brown sugar, and one teaspoonful salt. Add two table-To make Golden Rolls, combine spoonfuls meited shortening and two cupfuls potato flour, one cupful enough muk to make a drop batter corn-meat, one teaspoonful salt, one about as stiff as cake. Add iast onetablespoonful sugar, and three ta- batf cupful chopped and floured blespoonfuls paking-powder; rub in dates or raisins, or a combination one tablepoonful shortening with of botts. Beat well and bake in a

milk-nbont one and three-fourths time and tive Muffins. Mix in the cupfuls wilt be needed-to make a following order, one and one-haif dough just soft enough to roll and empfuls rice flour, one-linif cupful cut; use a knife for the mixing. Tip rye flour, one teaspoonful sait, three on a floured board, roll lightly to a tenspoonfuls haking-powder, two thickness of half an inch, cut in lublespoonfuls motusses, one tablerounds, rub with melted shorten- spoonfut melted shortening, and ing, and fold over like Parker House about one and one-half cupfuls of rolls. Hub with milk and bake in a mitk, or enough to make a hatter hat oven until a delicate brown. which will drop easily from a spoon. Apple Muffins should be included Beat well and bake in gem-pans in

to making muttins and bread at Mix in the given order one cupful the present day, do not be afraid barley flour, one enpful white corn la use the new products. Smatt ttour, three teaspoonfuls baking- amounts of any left-over cereals powder, one teaspoonful sait, one may be added to almost any unifins; lablespoonfut sugar, one cupful teat well to combine. Bent all egg chopped apple, about one and one- less mullins long and well. Be carehatf cupfuts milk, and two table- ful and do not get them too stiff. spoonfuls melted shortening. Bake Evact care in minking and taking often more than makes up for the

New Opportunities for Specialists to Co-operate With Raisers in Best Production.

It may be doubtful in some cases table poullry can use his stock, plant and equipment for production along some other line that will be profitable

Every furmer that becomes Inter

home,

TO INCREASE POULTRY STOCK poultry keepers near them to co-operare in the production of fowls, for laying especially. Such an arrangement is to the advantage of both. It reduces the cost of getting good stock to the grower and the risk on growing stock to the breeder,

The surcess of this line of work and co-operation depends very inrgely upon pulgn to increase the mitton's stocks of early initelding, and that in turn de-



A Well-Cared-For Flock Produces Economical Eggs and Meat for the Family.

ning at once to interest their neighhors in growing chickens for them. Whether he farms out stock or not, every poultry keeper who looks forward to better times in poultry culture should do his part to bring them, by producing all that he cun handte at

Just before he died, Theodore toosevelt requested the ited Cross to give his \$6,900 share of the Nobio Peace Prize to the French village whose residents have cared for his son Quentin's grave.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

LESSON

(By Ray, P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Hible in the Moody tilble inalling of Chicago.) (Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union)

LESSON FOR FEBRUARY 23

THE BREACH OF THE COVENANT AND MOSES' PRAYER FOR IS-RAEL.

tMay He lined With Missionary Applica-LESSON TEXT Exides 22 1-24 9

GOLDEN TEXT. The effectual fervent prayer of a righteous man available much James \$ 16.
AlGUTIONAL MATERIALs—Deut 96-

titlimatry Teleformer 6 16-18
titlimatry Teleformer 5 16-18
thera Memory Verse James 5 16
JUNIOR TOTAL—Praying for other people INT UMEDIATE TOPIC-Interceding

for Oh. to RENIOH AND ADULT TOPIC-The

Less than six weeks have chipsed since isruel took the onth of allegiance to Jehovah In less than forty days they tingrantly break the first and second commandments.

I. The Golden Calf (32:1-6).

1. Moses' delay (v. 1) Tids they interpreted to menn that their lender hunt either lost his way in the durkness or tool perished in the tire that hovered over the mount.

2. The people's demand (v. 1). They deminded of Anron that he make them a god to go before them. Their profession of allegiance to God collapsed as soon us the strong personality of their lender was no longer felt.

3. Aaron's cowardly compliance tvv. 2-4). He was no eloquent man, but tacked moral courage. Many today can latk threadly, but vacillate before the real Issues of life. In order to gain time with the rebels he demand ed that they cast off their Jewelry and bring it to ldm. Perhaus he thought that their love for it would couse them to forego their demands, but they cheerfully gave up their jewelry for a false god. Asron, like many compronitsing men of this age, opened a door which he could not shut.

4. Wanten revelry (vv. 5, 6). Seeing their disposition, Aaron erected an altar and proclaimed a fust unto Jehavith. He no doubt wished them to worship the Lord through the image, but he had made a god for them and It was a very short step to the heathen orgies connected with Idolatrous worship.

II. God's Burning Wrath (32:7-111). God's nature is such that he cannot tolerate a rival. No gods shall be before his face. The rival must be removed or the people must be consumed with divine wrath. God does not own them as his people, for they had cust

III. The Mediation of Moses (32:11-

The declaration of a divine purpose to destroy the Israellies did not deter Moses from making intercession for them. What was his threefold plen? (vv. 11, 12, 13),

Moses knew full well that the people deserved to die, therefore he could not plead any merh on their part. His plea was based wholly on tiod's purpose for Israel. Through his intercesalon God relents.

IV. Judgment Falls (32:15-35). 1. Moses broke the tables of testimony (vv. 15-10) emblematic of the breach of their covenant with God.

2. Moses destroyed the image (v. 20) and made the people drink of the water which contained its dust, thus making them to experience in a physical sense the hitterness which results from

3. Moses showed Aaron that he was inexcusable for his part in the disgraceful affsir (vv. 21-24).

4. Mosea called for those who would take a stand for the Lord to gird their awords and slay all who stood out in rebellion. The 1rthe of Levi ranged themselves on his side and became the Instrument by which God chastened his people (vv. 25-20).

5. Moses confessed the great sin of the people and begged that God would forgive them. He was willing to suffer the punishment himself, if possible, and let the people go free. The Lord declared to him in answer that every man should bear his own sin (vv. 30-

V. The Covenant Renewed (33:1-

1. Moses' commission renewed (Ch.

33). 2. The second tables of the law given (34:1-9). In the giving of these tables he refterated God's justice, but gave particular emphasis to his mercy. "The Lord God, merciful and gracious, long-suffering and abundant in goodness and Iruth, keeping mercy for thousands, forgiving iniquity and transgression and sin, and that will by no means cieur the gultty; visiting the iniquity of the fathers upon the children, and upon the children's children, unto the third and fourth generation."

Oh, do not pray for easy lives. Pray to be stronger men. Do not pray for tasks equal to your powers. I'ray for powers equal to your tasks. Then the doing of your work shall be no miracle. But you shall be a miracle. Every day you shall wonder at yourself, at the richness of life which has come to you by the grace of God,-I'hillips Brooks.

Fellowship.

Those who follow Christ are blessed with the fellowship of Christ. Where there is followship there is followship.

THE DEATH SONG OF DEMON RUM

I am dying, swiftly dying,

But I've fought a stubbern fight. The eternal powers of right,

Lies trampied, torn and sore defaced

Nor all the powers of honored gold

For I am dying, surely dying, The fatal shaft has found its mark, Through nges past, there's im deny-

I've led the way through realms of dark.

t've teen a curse upon the earth, A blight to countless human souls. I've dimined the fires mean the

hearth Of happy homes from pole to pale.

But I am dying, t) I'm dving! Yet I've served my master well. Ten thousand thousand souls are

crving-Led by me to endiess hell.

I'h se wretched ones uplreid my power.

earned pelf,-On for a tost like them this hour

selves!

Full many a trusting wife lies still Ail for the lust that I've Imparted.

of Iread, Or shivered for lack of elecent

clothes. Full many are numbered with the déad.

While I have taken my repose,

But now I'm dying, sadly dying, No more I'll take their hard earned gold:

No nure on friends I am reiging. As dol I in days of old.

For they are gone,-I am forsaken, Save by a few who still hedd fast.

But I am dying to ne'er awaken, My soul reward's a biighted past.

-t. It. Long.

STRONG DRINK IS BARRED

From the vicinity of the coal mines, From the vicinity of the shippards, From the vicinity of the munition plants.

From the vicinity of the steel plants, From the vicinity of the war trainhig camps.

From the vicinity of the army on the battlefield. From the vicinity of all war work

plants. From the vicinity of the business districts,

From the vicinty of the resident districts. From the vicinity of the factory dis-

tricis, From the vicinity of the public schoots.

From the vicinity of the Christian churches

WHERE SHALL IT GO? It is set upon by the food administration.

It is condemned by the fuel admin-Istration.

It is debarred by the rattroad ad-It is prohibited by the navy depart-

It is excluded from the army deparlment.

It is restricted by the agricultural department. It is pronounced lilegal by the judicial department.

One by one the states of the Union are elliginating it .- Western Christian

AS TO HOME MANUFACTURE.

Replying to the contention of the liquorites that with unifou-wide probibliton private stills and kitchen bar rooms will spring up all over the land. the Nulfount Advocate very wisely and pertinently says: "Froven facts as to moonshine whis-

ky making, and the effects of h, do not justify the public operation of disilliertes and brewerles. A private still to every square title of Southern territory could not be so bad for this country as one public brewery in every county, under a law of the astion approving it and sharing its profits. by it that is bunned by law remains a thing of rebellions purpose, but it can never be so dissistrons to the life of a people us an evil made lawful no der the statute, and constantly corroding the character of men, the purity of their legislation, the strength of money and lives by every man and their common government.'

issued a bulletin which states that the wine and inble grapes of California, now worth \$4,000,1000, would be worth \$8,000,000 if converted into grape struction times by first becoming sirup.-Pairlotle Phalanx.

LEAGUE OF PEACE

The New York Evening Post of Jannary 8, gave prominence to an important address delivered before the faculty and students of Commhia University, by Dr. William F. Slocum of the Executive Committee of the League to Enforce Peace, Doctor Sheunt said in part:

"Three things are evident to one who is a student of international history; first, if there is not a strong and permanent union of the nations of the world in the interest of the For centuries I have stool defying thigher welfare of all nations, there cannot be a stalde and lasting peace; second, if the Boystoment of the Might makes right," my ensign boid. I nited States thes not give its generous and hearty support to a union of nations, it will never come into existence; and third, if the work of Can give to me my wonted place, such a league of nations is not largadly and permanently constructwe it will be a failure even if it is organized.

"This country has now taken such a place of leadership among the nations of the world that its artlion is orneial in deciding whether this shall be the last great war. It holds m its grasp in exceedingly important respects, the decision of the future of civilization in the world. A grayer responsibility never rested upon a single penide. It is so scrious that if politicians use this present situation for partisan politics they are committing a crime the dangerons consequences of which are beyond estimate.

"The point of faiture of other prace treaties has been that the With me they spent their hard dominating element in them has been arbitrary and negative, such as the unnatural flxing of state To free my honds and damp them- boundaries or the closing of the Dardanelles.

"The attempt to create a so-cailed Full many a grave untimely flied balance of power has never kept By fathers, mothers, broken heart- the peace and is a misnomer and a misapplied term, for such a plan mover has made and never can make it impossible for one group of namany have starved for want times to impose its will upon another. Sooner or later a conflict will ensue and the defeat of one must follow,

"There must be some other principle of action if lasting peace is to be established. This can my come as all the nations seek together by compact and agreement to produce the best possible condition for each. This can and ought to be done so that the strength and success of all are found in the prosperity of each. This it is which with bring a constructive life inlo all the world and drive out those destructive principles of action which ever in the end tead to war lath in a group of federated states or a federated group of nations of empires.

"The best illustration of an opportunity for a constructive treaty of peace and the true mission of a league of nations wilt be found in the Balkan situation. It is not true that these people are inevitably doomed to fight each other. Austria and Imssia have used them as tools and embroited them with one another. Their wars are usually if not atways traced back to the scheme of these large nations whose crimes against Serbia have been largely the eauso of Baikan wars. Let the league of nations by means of a strong, wise, effective commission without interfering with their independence or ethnic life help in the upbuilding of raliroads, highways, the manufacturing, the agricutture, the industrial education of these countries without pauperization, but by generous but exact business principles, and in place of a constant source of trouble for Europe there can be a federation of independent nations that will make its contribution to civilization. and to the peace of the world.

"Constantinople, as the Turk has shown his incapacity for government, should be made a free and neutrat city where a parliament of the Halkan nations should meet to discuss their Interstate problems. Such constructive work under strong, wholesome, and wise influence will go a tong way toward making war impossible."

GATHERING THEIR FORCES During the month of February

members of the M. E. Church, South, will be asked to join a great league of prayer and it is hoped to enrolt 2,000,000 Methodists in this league, The object of the prayer witi he to seek a deeper spirituality throughout the church and the world, to be invested with a new sense of the obligation of brotherhood as It extends not only to the downtrodden people of America, but to the peoples of the earth, - and for a personal conservation of time and woman and young person who is affiliated with the Methodist denom-The University of California has ination. In other word, s the Methodists declare they Intend to meet the emergencies of these reconmore humble followers of the Man

AIRPLANE LANDED ON ROOF IN PARIS



Hy making a successful familing on the roof of the Galleries Lafayette, a Paris department store, Jules Vedrines, a French pilot of note, established a precedent in aviation. Vedrines won a prize of 25,000 francs for accomplishing the feat. The roof was 52 feet wide and 75 feet long.

13 Dollars-

When Swift & Company

paid, say, -13 dollars per hun-

dredweight for live beef cattle

last year, the profit was only

13 cents! In other words, if we

had paid \$13.13, we would have

quarter of a cent per pound less

for dressed beef we would have

other business is run on so close

and the consumer pretty close

together-which should be the

object of any industry turning

raw material into a useful form.

enormous volume, perfected facilities

(packing plants strategically located,

branch houses, refrigerator cars, etc.),

and an larmy of men and women

chosen and trained to do their special

interest, are found in the Swift &

Company Year Book for 1919, just

published which is brought out for the

public as well as for the 25,000 Swift

packer's side of the Federal Trade

Commission investigation, upon which

Congress is asked to base action

packer's side are sending for the Year

your name and address to the Chicago

office and the book will come to you.

Address

Swift & Company

Union Stock Yards, Chicago

The Year Book also represents the

Many who have never heard the

Would you like one? Merely mail

& Company shareholders.

against the industry.

This, and many other points of

This remarkable showing is due to

Or, if we had received a

It is doubtful whether any

This is bringing the producer

made no profit.

made no profit.

a margin of profit.

13 Cents

of Gaillee, - and, second, by rendering in His name, practical service to the masses of humanity throughout the world.

Whether the denomination does or does not achieve immediately all that it seeks, certainly the union 2 mitts. of 2,000,000 people in a great campaign throughout the length and brendth of Methodism means business, - and business of the powerful sort that commands the admiration of a public which needs big figures and big thoughts to rouse it

Atuminum Coins.

Africa has adopted the aluminum coln. Nearly \$2,000,000 colns of that metal have been struck from the British mint for circulation in Uganda and the Nigerian projectorates. Each coin bears the value either of 1 cent or of

They are perforated in the center like Chinese coins, in order that the natives may atring them together. Bronze coins are in wide circulation on the west coast of Africa.

In the interior small shells known as cowries are used as fractional currency. It is to replace the cowries that the new coins have been struck.

CHRISTIAN CHURCHES Must Christianize Reconstruc-

OBLIGATION FACES

tion Forces.

METHODIST CENTENARY TASK

Great Convention at Columbus Emphasizes Far-Reaching Movement. Not Simply to Raise One Hundred Million Dollars.

Commhus, O. - (Special.) - "A world-wide program for Christian reconstruction."

This theme, considered the most far-reaching ever adopted by a modern Protestant church, brought together in a three days' convention over 4,000 Methodist ministors and laymen from the Cincinnati area at the Methodist Centenary convention last week. This area, one of 20 into which the country has been divided for this movement, includes Ohio, Kentucky and southern Indiana.

In striking language, representatives of many fields of world activity, painted the opportunity now facing the Christian churches to bring the gospel to hungry people of many lands and to intensify the work so as to meet the needs of the home field in America. Strong emphasis was placed upon the fact that the world is very different from what it was in 1914, and that a church program, seemingly adequate then, is

wholly inadequate now. "Facing as we do emergencies in America and Europe and in the rest of the world that aimply will not wait. we are challenged to show whether or not we mean business about Christ's business," was the typical expression of Dr. Ralph S. Cushman of the Central New York conference. Dr. L. B. Bowers, member of the

national campaign committee of the Centenary, outlined a two-fold obligation facing the Christian churches. This obligation, he said, is:

First-The Christianisation of the processes of reconstruction. Second-The conservation and harsessing of apiritual forces generated through this world struggle to a pro-

gram for the conquest of the world for democracy and righteousness. To meet the demands of such a program, the Methodist church, through

the Centenary, seeks: To earoll at feast 20 per cent of its membership as regular thhere;

To enroll an equal number of bers as "intercessors," members who piedge themselves to make daily prayer for the evangelisation of the world a vital part of their daily lives; To so organize and intensify the life of each local church so that it may do a much more vital work in its own community;

million dollars in the next five years for the extension of vital religious work;

To secure much needed additional trained workers to meet the needs of the home and foreign field;

To extend the work so as to much more adequately take advantage of the opportunities presented to the Christian church.

"The Centenary answers the qu tion how to bring the local church to the new spirit of consecration, through its four-fold program of the stewardship of prayer, of life, and intercession and education," said one of the speakers.

Great Service Fing.

One of the most striking inc ever seen at a convention in Columous occurred at the Centenary convention when a great service flag. commemorating the service Methodist boys in the Cincin area, was borne across the stage by fifty veterans. The flag 200 yards long and one yard wide, contained 31,090 stars, of which 1,000 were in gold. Mrs. Logan Feland of New York city, wife of the marines captain who led the first charge after General l'ershing's troops reached France, sang the "Star Spangled Banner," as the service flag was brought upon the stage.

"Such a sight as this is certainly a call to life service," said Bishop Warne of India.

Cincinnati Area Apportionment.

By a standing vote the convention gave enthusiastic approval to the large Centenary program. Resolutions adopted say:

"We accept Cincinnati area's ap portionment (for the fund of \$115,-000,000) of \$14,588,396 and, trusting in Josus Christ as our Leader, we will put ourselves under the task of raising the apportionment and making the Centenary a success in the

"With our hearts deeply stirred by the solds secrifies the 1,000 Methodist men of this area who have made the sepreme secrifice in behalf of heman freedom and justice in the de-fence of this giorious land of our have made, and chosen in this hour of destiny to lead the world in the sation of the ideals of a Christian Democracy, we hereby pledge ourselves to this supreme undertaking of making Jesus Christ regnant in the lives and hearts of all men."

East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name

JACKSON COUNTY Middle Fork

ESTILL COUNTY

Witt at Wisemantown. - J. W. Riddle renders. is very sick at this writing. - Several from here attended County Court at Richmond, Monday.

Locust Branch seventh, Mrs. Lula Oliver, at her ducted by the Rev. A. D. Bowman. home at Locust Branch. She leaves pastor.—The thi is still raging in a husband and five children and a some parts. - An initial gift of host of friends to mourn her loss. \$15,000 is announced by the Center- John Pickard and family returned Her remains were laid to rest in the any Council of the North Indiana family burying ground. She died Conference.-The oil men are hurof double pneumonia.-We are hav- dered at present on account of the ing some nice weather for this time drill being confined in the well.of the year.-The farmers are busy, We are expecting several wells to plowing their sod land for the year, be drilled in the early future. All -Mrs. Sarah Campbell, who has our place needs is development to been visiting her daughter for a find the main fountain; it is sure few days, has returned home.-Hur- here; they have struck the oil three rah for The Citizen.

CLARK COUNTY

was brought back to her home one cession, Stewardship, Education and day last week. - James Beldon and Life Service. - Born to the wife of son, James Russell, Jr., from Paris, James Peters, a tine boy, December union taborers quit work, though the were visiting his mother, Mrs. Lucy 25; his name is Earl Tye Peters, -Beldon, at this place, one day last Silas Fields, who has been sick for enza at this writing. - Robert Be- our heautiful winter; "it is much Fall River were closed owing to diseroft, who has been sick for sev- the apposite from last winter.-The pntes with the employees. Mrs. Emma Allen was shopping in like to know thru the Gray Hawk Winchester one day last week,

GARRARD COUNTY

been taking advantage of it by where they had been on a jury. plowing and sowing tobacco heds, and preparing for raising tobacco the coming year. — The corn situution is easing down in price a izen.

POWELL COUNTY Clay City

No More War Flour

Potts' GOLD DUST Flour

Returns to its before-the-war

high standard of quality

Once Tried - - - Always used

that Davis is mife sick at this writing with a severe attack of Middle Fork, Feb. 6. - The Itevs, Thermatism, Dr. Ishmael, of Win-Mosses. Lewis and Bailey will chester, was called to see him one preach at this place the second Sat- day last week, - Jack Harris and urday and Sunday in this month .-- Thomas Curtis were at Lexington Several of Mrs Leatha Tussey's the past week on a business mischildren and grandchildren visited ston. - thas, Nelson sold to Sidher on her seventieth hirthday, Feb- ney Easter a farm of twenty-seven ruary 2. - Pete Bowman is having acres and improvements, situated on his tan bark handed this week, - the Hardwick's Creek road, for the Mr. and Mrs. John Johnson and lit- sum of \$500. - Annt Bet. Smith's til daughter. Forest, visited at Bert heirs sold their place, the past week, Summers' Saturday and Sunday, - consisting of twenty-liree acres for There are a few new cases of flu in the sum of \$325. O. L. Daniel was this neighborhood. - Willie Parrelt the purchaser. - Mrs. Charley seems to be improving of pneumonia. Welch was taken to the Dr. Sprague sanitarium at Lexington for treatment of her nerves, one day last week. - Charley Welch, J. M. Ken-Witt, Feb. 3. - There is quite a non, B. F. Curtis and others loaded lot of siekness in this neighborhood, a car of shoats at this point, the Several have the flu; and some the past week, at \$12 per cwt. - Leonsmallpox. - The Rev. Mr. Bannle and Patrick has purchased one-half from Waco filled his regular ap- interest in C. L. Daniels' general pointment at Wisemanlown Sunday, store, which is located near -Sunday-school and Epworth Lea- | Vaughn's Mill, - With best wishes gue meet every Simday afternoon to the great Entizen family of happy

OWSLEY COUNTY

Island City Island City, Feb. 8. - There was Locust Branch, Feb. 8.-Died, the a service at High Knoh Sunday contimes.-A lot of young folks attended church at Walnut Grove Sunday .-The Centenary Movement will be of great assistance to the local Flanagan, Feb. 10. - Mrs. Susie churches where the churches are Bruins, who has been in the Win- properly organized and arranged to borhood is very good at present. chester hospital for several weeks, carry out its full meaning-Interweek. - Misses Mattie and Cora some time with dropsy, is better at Johnson are quite sick with influ- present. - We are delighted with eral months, is slowly improving .- Island City, correspondent would news when it would be safe to call the church together for preaching.

Scoville Scoville, Feb. 7. - Messrs. Harmony, Feb. 10, - The Flu ep- Duoley, George Martin and Carl idemic is still raging here. Andrew Flanery have recently been dis-Johnson lost his oldest girl a few charged from the army and are at days ago from flu-pneumouia. - home. - The flu victims in this vi- soldler, sallor, marine and woman Capt James Johnson's wife is very civity are recovering. The ones low at this writing. - Old Sister that have taken it since my last Jane Davis, wife of W. M. Davis, and news are Mrs. O. J. Judd and Boy a good Christian woman, died last McPherson and family. - Dillard Saturday. She was laid to rest in Bond, who has been at Dayton, O., comes, though state officials do not. the old ltamsey graveyard near for some time, returned home the Dripping Springs, W. M. C. Hntch- 3rd of this month, - C. B. Itowhand ins made appropriate remarks at and daughter, Bessie Mae, who have and 12 per cent on higher becomes the grave.-Rev. J. H. Peace, for- been sick, are convalescent. - Masmerly of this place but now of ter Vernon Judd is visiting his Colmar, Ky., was visiting at the grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Rev. W. M. C. Hutchins last week - Flanery, - Mrs. Elizabeth Scoville James Church, one of the oldesteit- left the 4th for her home at Logana. izens in this neighborhood, has sold -Mrs. Chester A. Gabbard, of Cinhis little place and is going to In- cinnati, O., and her sister-in-law, diana. - C. F. Vanhook and Alex Miss Nannie Gabbard, spent Sunday Robinson were visiting at W. M. C. January 26, with the former's nucle Hutchins last Sunday. - We are and family, J. W. Howland.-Messrs. having real nice winter weather, Hobt. Bond and John McPherson reand the most of the farmers have turned from Hazard last Thursday

MADISON COUNTY

Wallaceton Wallaceton, Feb. 8. - We are little, which is real good for the having some snow at present.-Mrs. poor people. - Success to The Cit- Haloway who has been very low is some better, - Mike Jennings purchased 30 acres of land from Wnt. Higginbotham for the sum of \$1,800. Clay City, Feb. to. - The farmers land from Mr. Higginbotham adjoin- to work. Durkness, he said, would inin this vicinity have started their lug his farm. - John C. Caldwell crease lawlessness. spring work in full swing, by turn- was adjudged insane and was taken ing the sod. - B. F. Curtis has sold to Lexington asylum last Monday. out his stock on the farm and gone Mrs. Caldwell is alone and she has to the vil Held, near Torrent, to the sympathy of the entire neigh-

GUARD RELIEF ON THE RIVER RHINE



This photograph of the American army of occupation in Germany shows guard relief at a sentry post on the Rhine near Cobienz.

\$1,37@ 1.42.

mixed \$1.31% 1.33, No. 3 mixed 11 29 @

31, whote enc \$1.35gr 1.10, yellow ear

Butter-Whole milk creamery ex-

tras 47c, centralized creanery extras

Eggs—Prime firsts 40c, firsts 30c, ordinary firsts 86c.

do 31/2 lbs and over, 20e; roesters, 20c.

Live Stock.

Cattle-Shippers \$12@1650, hutch-

er steers, extrn \$137115, good to choice \$11.507114, common to fair \$7

@11.50, helfers, extra \$11@12.50, good to choice \$10@11, common to fair \$6.50

Calves-Extra \$16.50, fair to good

Hogs-Selected heavy shippers

\$135/16 25, common and large \$7 a 12.

\$18.25, good to choice packers and intchers \$18.25, stags \$19.a.12, com-

mon to choice heavy fat sows \$1100 1625, light slippers *16218, pigs (110

@ 9.50, cows, extra \$150 /r 10.50.

the and less) \$10 a 15.

Live Pontry-Springers under 3

; fowls, % Hes and over, HOc;

application for the immediate discharge of Walter Caldwell, her grandson, who is in the P. S. service in New Jersey. It is hoped that Walter will get his discharge at mixed \$25.75 ? 27.75, and sound clover once for he is badly needed at home, -William Henry has been buying cattle in this vicinity. - Roy Botkin and Mose Muchins have been attending the tobacco sales in Richmond for the past week .- Cornelius Pickard is visiting in Wallacelon .to their home in Dayton, O. They had been on an extended visit in Wallaceton and Knox county, -George Botkin of Lexington called on his mucle, Dan Botkin, Friday evening. - Samuel Wilford of 'Possum Kingdom is through gradius tobacco for the farmers and has taken up his old husiness, lutying and selling horses. - The farmers have begun sowing tobacco beds in this vicinity. The thi is not so had now; there are no new cases to report. - The health of this neight-

CURRENT EVENTS (Continued from Page Five)

engineers in the municipal lighting plants were exempt. The textile workers in Lawrence, Mass., struck for a 48-hour week with 54 hours' pay and some of the big cotton mills in

One more "greatest war revenue hill in the country's history" was presented to the house Inst week by Chairman Kitchin of the ways and means committee. As fixed up by the conference it provides for the collection of about \$6,000,000,000 in taxes from the American citizen, and in addition it gives a bonns of \$60 to each nurse in the American forces. I'reity nearly everything oue possesses of does will be subject to tax. Even the president and all other federal officials must pay tax on their tw The normal income tax for 1918 is 6 per cent on Incomes up to \$4,000t After 1918 the normal is 4 per cent on incomes up to \$4,000 and 8 per cent on those over \$4,000. The pres-

The income surtax rates begin at 1 per cent on incomes of \$5,000 to \$6.-000 and run to 65 per cent on incomes of over \$1,000,000.

ent normal is 4 per cent.

Provision is made for both war and excess profits taxes in the fiscal year, but after that the war profits tax comes off, except in certain specified cases where war contracts run over in later years.

ORDERED BACK TO WORK

President of Electrical Workers Tella Men to Resume Duties at Scattle, Wash.

Springfield, III., Feb. 10 .- J. P. Noonan, netling president of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, telegraphed directing all members -Louis Botkin also hought some of his organization at Seattle to return

Klel Strike to Halt Food. Coperdingen, Feb. 10.—Shipyard workers in Kiel lave struck to pre-Feb. 10.-Shipyard vent foodstuffs from reaching governwork the coming season. - Wm. borhood. Mrs. Caldwell has made ment authorities, according to dispatches received here.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

Hay and Grain. Cora -No 2 white \$1.329 134, No. 6 134 No 3 vellow \$130 1 32 No 2



ARMED STRIKERS RULE BUTTE, MONT.

I. W. W. Members Refuse to Permit Miners to Go to Work.

U.S. TROOPS NOW ON GUARD

Gov. Lister Told by Secretary of War All Necessary Co-operation Will Be Given Him in Coping With Strike at Seattle.

Senttle, Wush., Feb. 10,-Imber stood by without protest and saw Scattle reme industrial activity-stood on the side three and accepted the ultimatum of the mayor without a hand to stay it. Promptly et S o'clock, the hour set, bushess got under way, and at 9 o'clock the hour set by the strikers office suid. for decision, there was no move from labor.

Butte, Mont., Pels, 10.-Following plans agreed upon at night at a neeting at the I. W. W. hendquarters, hundreds of strikers, many of them armed, turned back men who sought to go to work. As a result mining is Amstries, prnetically suspended. Cut in Wages Brings Strike.

The dollar n day wage cut is made Sound Hay-Timothy, per ton, rangthe basis for the strike resolutions. Sound clover which term the reduction in puy course for the workers to open their "class war" to seeme a six-hour day, a \$6 Outs—No. 2 white 6132%62c, standard white 61616132c, No. 3 where 604_{20} %61c, mixed of a.58c. scale and to demonstrate to "Scattle courades that flutte labor is in sympathy with them," Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

No Call for Troops.

There are several hundred soldiers in the city. Their aid has not been asked. Dould that the strike will assume serious proportions because of the lack of support of the American Federation of Labor was expressed on all sides,

The pickets guthered at the i. W.

and left for the various mines in de taclunents large enough to picket the various avenues of approach. Miners in several instances were wayinid and

benten. Mechanics, whose imions have taken no nelloa in respect to a strike, were held up und seat back from

the mines by the strikers, Soldiers Guard Mines.

Soldiers of the 41th regular Infuntry later were sent to the mines and now are ginirding the approaches to the vorious properties. Their assistunce, however, came an hour after the morning shift was to go to work and by the time they were patrolling the streets lending to the mines the pickets had succeeded in turning back the miners who wanted to work.

Troops to Help Curb Seattle Strike. (tlympln, Wush., Feb. 10.-Gov. Ernest Lister has the promise of the secretary of War that all necessary co-operation will be given him "in coping with possible strike troubles at Senttle and Tuconia, and the situation is unchanged in that regard," n statement issued from the governor's

Seattle Runa "Jitneys."

Senttle, Wash, Feb. 10,-Clty-directed automobile "Jitney" service was Inaugurated in Senttle to brenk the strike, he compliance with the mayor's nithantum that the strikers would have to call off a sympathetic strike or he would operate all essential in-

The Post-Intelligencer put out a four-page publication, distributing free

The first signs of a break in the union ranks were murked when one union larber-shop reopened and fifteen of the city's severty-nine schools remolned oven through the action of their janitors and engineers in refusing to heed the strike order.

Thoughts.

Think all you speak; but speak not all you think: Thousats are your own; rong words are so no more.- Pelnine.

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